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(Continued from last week.)

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WHAT WAS HE?

The winds blew fierce; the sun was red
And snow covered streets and moor—
Supplies of coal and meat and bread
He left at a widow's door.
This was his deed—
And he did it well.
What was his creed?
I cannot tell.

He gently rapped at the door and turned,
As it opened, and walked away;
And which were the happier tears that burn'd
On his or the widow's cheeks that day?
I do not know.
He spoke no word—
Only whirring snow
In the wind was heard.

Where want and hunger and cold abode
He never was far away,
And when the chimes in the tower were toll'd
He never was heard to pray.
Yet into the box
His alms bestow.
His faith? What was it?
I do not know.

He knew no sect, Jew, Greek or Moor,
Nor Christian, nor church, nor race,
But the way to the homes of the attic poor
And the basement damp would trace,
In heat or cold,
By night or day.
His creed: What was it?
I cannot say.

For the hungry poor he believed in bread,
And clothes for the ragged and cold,
And fuel for hearths, where coals were dead;
And hearts that never grow old.
His sect? His creed?
His faith? Who knows?
'Tis the "greatest of all"
His warm heart glows.

THE PROFESSOR AND THE BABY.

Mrs. Nicholson was standing in a dubious attitude with the study door half open, and her eyes turning from the quiet figure in the arm chair by the table to another open door in the passage behind her, through which she could see a flood of sunshine, and in the sunshine a cradle.

'I don't feel quite easy,' she said; 'I am so afraid she would cry and no one hear her. I wish I had not let the nurse go out; but all you have to do,' coming into the room and speaking impressively, 'all you have to do is to ring the bell violently—violently, remember—for cook. For Heaven's sake, John,' leaning on the table and stretching out a pretty hand to attract her brother's attention, 'look up, or speak, or answer me, or you will drive me mad.'

'What is it all about, Agatha?' The calm, placid, intelligent face opposite was lifted gently and the thin figure was slipped on to the page to mark a pause.

'It is baby, John,' said Mrs. Nicholson, in a faltering voice, and with late, angry tears, rolling down her cheeks. 'Here have I, for the last ten minutes, been begging, imploring of you to remember baby; not to nurse her, I wouldn't trust you; but only ring the bell if she cries.'

'Does that stop her? It seems simple enough. I think even I can do that.'

But Mrs. Nicholson shook her head, still weeping.

'You may laugh at me or sneer if you like. If it were my own baby I would say nothing; I would bear it all, but Emmy's!'

With a patient sigh the gentleman at the writing table pushed the book awry and lost his place. He looked at it in a bewildered way.

'What is it, Agatha? a baby! O, Emmy's baby, of course.'

'And not one-half, one hundredth part, one thousandth part, as valuable in your eyes,' broke in Agatha, with impetuosity, 'as the smallest the most unknown, the most discovered star. You need not tell me; I know it.'

'Of course,' frowning gently, 'everyone knows that a star, however small—stars are famous according to their size, my dear is infinitely more value than one hair of a baby's head. I mean'—hastily—'speaking from an entirely scientific point of view; but as you were saying—you were saying, were you not'—a little doubtfully—'something about an unfortunate babe of Emmy's?'

Mrs. Nicholson had dried her eyes, and was confronting him in all the cool splendor of her pretty summer dress, and with the calm determination of a woman who has made up her mind.

'Yes, I was,' she said; 'only once for all, John; if you call it a babe I will leave your house at once and never, never come back; and if you call it unfortunate, I shall take that hateful manuscript with me and burn it at the kitchen fire. If it were yours'—with impassioned irony—'it might indeed be described un-unfortunate; but Charles is the best of husbands.'

'Yes, yes, of course, my dear. I said nothing against Charles; I did not know you were talking about him. We can finish him up to-night,' cheerfully. 'If that is all you had better go out now, while it is fine,' turning his eyes to the dazzling sunlight for an instant and then back to the blotted page. 'You can tell me about Charles, you know, when you come in. The best of husbands. I don't know much about them, I fear, but I know a little about the best of wives.'

He rose and laid his hand on the long, slender, soft gray glove that was leaning with determination on the neat manuscript. The gray glove closed around his hand gently and clung to him, almost as if it were loth to leave the thin worn fingers; but he patted it gently and laid it aside. Mrs. Nicholson gave a faint sigh, but when she spoke again she spoke with less decision and more pleading.

'It is not Charles, indeed it is not; it is the baby; the nurse has gone out and I have put the cradle in the morning room by the window. John,' suddenly 'are you listening? What did I say last?'

'The morning room, Agatha.'

'Well, I see you are taking it in and forgetting those horrible stars; and how you can compare a star to a baby, is past me.'

'I am sure I never did,' he said gently.

'Well, don't interrupt me, John, or I shall never get out. What was I saying? Oh, baby was in the morning room, and if she cries,—makes one sound—you are to ring your bell, this bell, John, for the cook. Do you understand!'

'Yes, I believe so. I am to ring the bell—this bell—for cook.'

'Oh, I hope you will,' after a pause. 'Fancy,' her eyes filling with tears again, 'if she cried, and no one heard her! Oh, John, you will not deceive me? You will try—and—ring!'

'My dear,' speaking with some dignity, 'surely I am not utterly destitute of common sense. I have interesting work here,' pointing to the manuscript and the books of reference heaped around him, 'but I suppose, after all, I am human.'

'O, I hope so,' I think so,' cried Agatha, clasping her hands; 'only you might not hear her, that was all I meant.'

'Then I think,' he said, with a gentle sarcastic smile, 'that you may dismiss your fears; they are quite groundless.'

Very well,' said Agatha, moving in a hesitating way to the door, 'I am satisfied, I am trying to be satisfied; don't forget.'

'No,' cheerfully, 'I will take a leaf from Charles's book, the best of husbands.'

'Oh,' the gray glove had closed on the handle of the door, but released it again—'the Paynters are coming to-night, so you must not go out star-gazing.'

'All right,' obediently; good bye.'

'Good-bye.' The bright face that had almost disappeared round the door came back again, and leaned against the worn velveteen of the astronomer's coat; for a minute the lips were pressed to it, then lifted. 'Kiss me, John; you are a dear old fellow after all and I am a fiend.'

The sunshine seemed to leave the room with the sweet bright presence and hover over the pretty cradle among the sounds and scents of the mid summer day. If the library there was only one shaft of light that came through the high windows and fell across the old velveteen coat, and the tidy manuscripts, and the open books, and left the handsome, clever, refined face in shadow.

* * * * * *

It might have been two hours afterward—painful after events created a confusion in Mr. Nicholson's mind, and the two hours might have been two days—when he became aware of a laugh in a passage by the door. His hand had grown tired in writing, but the pen had traveled steadily on; his eyes had grown a little weary and it was a relief to raise them for a minute to the locked door, behind which he heard the laugh. He rose, with a half smile on his grave face, and paused, struck by a sudden presentiment. Something came back to him, as he stood in the dull room, was it a dream or a memory, or was it—the baby? He pushed his papers hurriedly away and walked over to the door and unlocked it, throwing it wide open.—There was nothing in the passage but the yellow sunshine now upon the walls and upon the old prints, and Mrs. Nicholson standing in her pretty gray dress, with her slim hands stretched out and the laugh that had disturbed her was still upon her lips.—In the room beyond there was more sunlight and the cradle.

'John,' cried Mrs. Nicholson, laughing again as if she could not help it, 'what have you done with her. Give her to me. You are earning your title to the best of husbands.'

He looked up in quick perplexity. 'What was it Agatha? What do you want? I have nothing to give,'

'Oh don't John!' she cried impatiently; don't tease. I want baby.'

'Well'—the same perplexing look creeping over his face—'take her,' stretching out his hand to the cradle in the sunlight.

Agatha's eyes turned on him for a minute with a look of contempt before which he positively quelled. Then she swept over to the cradle, and tossed out the little pillow, and the sheets with their lace edges, and the pale blue satin cover-let on to the floor in a soft heap, and stood looking down upon the empty cradle as if she would conjure up the pink face and the flaxen head into their accustomed place.

Mr. Nicholson had followed her on tip toe and was stirring the softly shining heap on the floor with his patent-leather shoes, as if he had tossed the baby out among them.

'Well?' said Agatha sharply.

'Well?' he echoed feebly.

'Do you mean to say,' she said, putting aside her angry vehemence and speaking tearfully, with her gray eyes turned up to his—'Oh, John, do you mean to say that you have lost her?'

'I never touched her,' he cried hastily.

'I never—' heard her, he would have added, but again that faint memory—that dream stirred him. 'Upon my honor, Agatha,' he said abruptly, leaning down into the cradle, and poking at the mattress with his thin fingers, 'upon my honor, I can't remember.'

'You can't remember!' said Agatha with scorn. 'Why, John, she roared! Cook heard her in the kitchen. She came rushing up, and found the cradle empty and baby gone. She thought you had taken her into the study; she told me so; but oh, John, it was somebody else, and they have stolen her.'

'My dear,' he said, shaking himself together, and speaking more lightly, 'who would steal her?—a baby roaring, as you say?' He shuddered. 'Why, surely no one else in his senses would do such a thing!'

'Emmy's baby!' cried Agatha tearfully, 'and that is how you speak of her! O John, dear John, think again, didn't you hear her? Perhaps you have forgotten—perhaps you have put her somewhere and forgotten.'

Mr. Nicholson sat down on the window sill and covered his face with his hands. He tried to think, but whenever he concentrated his mind on the baby he was dimly conscious of that fading fancy that he could not grasp—the dream of a cry. It had disturbed him, he remembered, that loud, painful, jarring cry, but it had died away; surely it had died into peace without his interference? 'Agatha,' he said, lifting up his face sharpened with the effect of thought, 'I do remember something—somebody crying; it must have been the babe.'

'Yes,' said Agatha eagerly, 'go on! You heard her! That is right! Cook says you must have heard her, she roared so. Well, and then? You—'

'I—I can't remember, Agatha. I may have gone on writing; that seems the most likely, I think; but I may have gone to the door. 'No,' shaking his head, 'I can't get beyond the cry. I do remember that now distinctly.'

'Perhaps,' said Agatha hopefully, through her tears, 'you have put her in the library. What have you been doing this afternoon?'

Mr. Nicholson followed humbly as she swept in before him, and flung open the great curtains, so that the light rushed in on his table strewed with plans and manuscript. Even then he spread out his hands almost unconsciously, to defend his precious papers from her scornful touch; but she stood in the centre of the room, looking into every corner with her quick, soft eyes.

'What have you used, John—this chair! You have not been to the cupboard? No,' peeping into a dark recess, musty with papers. 'What else?'

'Nothing else, Agatha, here, except,' with a smile, 'the waste paper basket, and that is empty. You can see for yourself.'

'Ah,' said Agatha, 'here is cook,' as a heavy breathing became audible in the passage. 'Cook,' her voice trembling at sight of the sympathetic face, 'your master has not seen the baby—at least, he thinks not. He was very busy, but he heard the cry, and he may have taken her up and forgotten. We are looking for her.'

'Which you won't never find her, then,' said cook, in a broken voice. 'In my last place but one, where I was general cleaner in Mrs. 'All's family, there was a child disappeared, as it might be this, and it was never found—gypsies or not, it was never came across again.'

'Oh, don't cook!' cried Agatha, plaintively. 'And Emmy coming this evening! Your master thinks he may have put her somewhere and forgotten. He remembers hearing her.'

'Which he might,' said cook, 'not being deaf. Which I don't mean to disrespect, Sir, but she was roaring awful, and I says to Mary, says I, 'Mister'll never know 'ow to quiet that child, so I'll run up and bring her down a bit;' and I steps to change my apron, and I ups, as it might be here, and the cradle, as it might be there, and no sound, and cradle as empty as it this minute.'

Cook turned dramatically, and pointed one stout arm at the cradle in the sunlight. Mrs. Nicholson's tearful eyes followed the hand, and her husband stood uneasily in the centre of the group, with an anxious frown upon his face.

'Which,' added cook scornfully, 'I think a baby—and such a one, bless her!—is of more value than all this rubbish.' She waved her hand over the table, on which lay the neat manuscript; and Mr. Nicholson moved a step backward, as if she had an evil eye and his writings would shrivel up at her scornful gesture.

'Cook,' said Mrs. Nicholson with dignity, marred a little by the quiver in her voice, 'you don't understand. Your master is very clever, and his writings are of great value. Of course,' with a pleading look upward, 'baby is our first thought just now. There are no wild beasts here, so she cannot be eaten. But she has gone, and before Emmy comes this evening she must be found.'

'Of course she must,' said her husband, plucking up courage from her exceeding gentleness. 'We must begin systematically, and go through every room in the house.'

So the search began, that ended an hour later, in the great hall, with three perplexed faces meeting each other at the foot of the stairs, in a silence that Mrs. Nicholson broke.

'It's no use, John; I cannot bear it any longer. She is lost!'

She flung out her empty hands with a despairing gesture, but her husband caught and held them.

'Don't give up, Agatha; it will all come right. If I search the world through, I will find her.'

'Or the body,' said cook.

Mrs. Nicholson shuddered.

The minute's silence was broken by a sound of merry laughter and the trampling of feet. For a minute Agatha raised her head, listened intently, and then she drooped it with a sigh.

'It's only the rectory boys, John,' she said; 'they have been in the hay field all day, and I asked them to tea. I can't speak to them, I am too anxious.'

She would have moved away, but the noise and laughter were in the hall already, and the boys were stumbling up toward her in the darkness, over the rugs and skins.—Something white was being shoved from one to the other, and was pushed into Agatha's arms at last, and held there by a pair of rough, sunburned hands.

'What is it? Oh, Jack! what is it?' she cried, bending down and kissing, to their owner's great surprise, the boy's rough hands.

'Don,t, I say,' said Jack, drawing them away with a curious, shame-faced look.—'It's only the baby, Mrs. Nicholson. She was crying in the cradle, so I just got into the rooom and bagged her. She's been playing in the hay; but Jim got it instead. She's a jolly little thing. Did you miss her?'

'Yes, I thought she was lost,' said Agatha gently.

'Lost!' with a roar of laughter. 'Well, that is good! May we wash our hands for tea? I'm not so dirty, I've been holding her; but Jim's simply mud all over. Here, have you got her? It's so dark I cannot see.'

The turbulent tide swept into the dim distance of stairs and passages, leaving a little group in the twilight of the hall; a tall dark figure, against which a golden head was leaning, and two arms with a white bundle in them.

'Kiss her, John,' came a soft voice out of the darkness. 'I know you would rather not, she's only a baby, not a star; but just as a punishment, because you were so stupid.'

The tall figure stooped and laid a dark mustache against the little bundle.

'She's very soft,' said another voice; 'I don't think I ever knew so much about a baby before.'

There was, after a moment's silence a movement on the man's part, as though he were drawing himself up to his full height, with a view to re-asserting his dignity. He cleared his throat.

'After all, Agatha,' he said stiffly, 'I did not lose the baby.'

'I never said you did,' said Agatha; 'I only asked you, and you couldn't remember.'

'Another time,' with an evident effort, 'I suppose I shall be condemned unheard.'

'Another time!' scornfully. 'You may set you mind at rest. Neither I nor Emmy is in the least likely to trust you again, at least not with anything of value.'

'Then, how about the baby?' with a laugh.

'That,' said Agatha firmly, 'includes the baby.'

WHY SHOULDN'T HE UNDERSTAND?—It was almost midnight; the hands of the clock were toiling painfully around their circuit; the maiden yawned and incidentally remarked that it was growing late, but the youth kept his seat.

'Miranda,' he said at length, 'I have made up my mind to ask you if you will be my wife.'

'I don't know,' she answered; 'you seem to lack energy, and energy is an important thing in a young man who undertakes the responsibility of supporting a wife.'

'Of course; but why do you think I lack energy?'

'Because there doesn't seem to be much go to you.'

'Much go to me?'

'Not much go home, at least.'

He understood her.

NINE New York defaulters, five from Chicago, four from Boston, and several from other American cities, are now living in Canada. The majority of them have taken up their residence in Montreal or its immediate neighborhood.

"FOT WOULD YOU TAKE?"

She was ready for bed and lay on my arm,
In her little frilled cap so fine,
With her golden hair falling out at the edge,
Like a circle of noon sunshine.
And I hummed the old tune of "Banbury Cross,"
And "Three men who put out to sea,"
When she sleepily said, as she closed her blue eyes,
"Papa, fot would you take for me?"

And I answered: "A dollar, dear little heart,"
And she slept, baby weary with play;
But I held her warm in my love strong arms,
And rocked her, and rocked away.
O, the dollar meant all the world to me,
The land and the sea and the sky,
The lowest depth of the lowest place,
The highest of all that's high.

The cities with streets and palaces,
Their pictures and stores of art,
I would not take for one low, soft throb
Of my little one's loving heart.
Nor all the gold that was ever found
In the busy wealth finding past,
Would I take for one smile of darling's face,
Did I know it must be the last.

So I rocked my baby, and rocked away,
And I felt such sweet content,
For the words of the song expressed to me more
Than they ever before had meant.
And the night crept on and I slept and dreamed
Of things far too glad to be,
And I wakered with lips saying close in my ear,
"Papa, fot would you take for me?"

—*S. B. McManus.*

JANET'S REVENGE.

'Janet, do you delight in torturing me? Why can't you answer my question?'

The young man's voice had an arbitrary ring, which nettled the willful girl whom he was addressing, and her crimson lips curled scornfully.

'What right have you to speak to me in that way? I am not forced to answer questions, wise or otherwise, and I consider this anything but wise.'

A charming picture she was to look upon, despite the frown upon her pretty, piquant face, her petite form drawn to its fullest height—the merest trifle over five feet—her saucy head thrown back, as though Mark Grayson's pleasure or displeasure were alike things of the utmost indifference to her.

So at least thought the young sailor who had roused his storm of feminine indignation by asking the young lady, in his blunt, point-blank fashion, to marry him, as they sat, one afternoon, in the sitting room of the little cottage.

And then, as she refused to give him a definite answer, he rose to his feet, and made use of the words at the opening of this sketch.

'You have given me encouragement,' he said, after a moment of perplexed silence.

'And what if I have?' she retorted—'Haven't you said over and over again that I was a heartless flirt, and that you wished some one would break my proud spirit?'

The bronzed face of Mark Grayson flushed hotly.

'Who told you these things?' he asked, desperately, though his usually bold brown eyes fell to the floor beneath the gaze of her blue orbs.

'You don't deny it,' she said, a trifle bitterly, 'and in fact it would be of little use. I heard you myself say that I was a coquette, and now'—and here the ripe tempting lips curled again—'you profess to love me and make me an offer of marriage. Are you striving to win my heart that you may fling it away, and so accomplish the noble task of breaking my spirit, just because I have been light hearted and happy, with a smile and jest for each and all of my acquaintances?—for of lovers I have done, nor have I encouraged serious attentions.'

The definite look had faded out of her bright, young face, leaving it white with a sudden pallor, and the blue eyes were filled with an expression of pathetic regret which Mark Grayson, unused as he was to the ways of women, could not fathom.

'And so you set yourself deliberately at work,' he said, with deep bitterness, 'to repay me for my rash, thoughtless words by making me a victim to your witching ways I loved you madly, passionately, while you must have hated me.'

'I did!' she said gravely, still white to the lips.

He turned away tremulously, this strong, athletic young man, who had faced the keenest gales at sea many a time with never a thought of flinching, muttering hoarsely as he did so:

'Well, good-bye, Nell! I did not intend to go to sea again; but the 'Vulcan' has not sailed, and to-morrow, perhaps, a stormy sea will bring me peace and comfort.'

Her face grew even whiter, if possible, and she stepped quickly forward as he passed through the door.

But it closed behind him and Mark did not see the yearning, hopeless look that shrouded the fair face of the girl he worshipped with all the strength of his passionate nature.

She watched his tall, strong young form as he strode down the road, seemingly not heeding the keen February gale that swept across the Sound, and tossed the dark waters of the Channel, which rolled in white-capped waves between the bold headland and the Bill of Portland, rising like a grim ocean monster some ten miles away.

And this was the end of her flirtation, or love affair with Mark Grayson for the past three months.

At first he had been coolly indifferent, even cynical, and during this time had made use of the language which had so roused the spirit of the petted daughter of old Captain Barton, a retired sea dog, who could not bear to live elsewhere than beside the treacherous element which had been his home for so many years.

The Graysons lived but a short distance from the home of Captain Barton, and were likewise people of considerable property, and the mother of Mark, whose love for the sea was his principal motive for braving its dangers, had induced her son to give up his roving life, a decision which was strengthened and confirmed by the smiling face of pretty Janet Barton.

But all his bright hopes had vanished when this rude awakening came, and hastily packing a few necessary articles, the young man kissed the weeping mother good bye, and made his way down to the cove where his boat lay behind a shelter of a pier.

The sun was low in the western sky as Janet saw the white sail of Mark Grayson's boat flutter in the wind as he rounded the headland.

It was blowing heavily in shore, and the boat, a trim, dainty craft, was kept close hauled to the wind as she dashed through the foam-crested waves and struck boldly out toward the open sea.

It was a foolhardy, venturesome trip, and Janet, well knew that Mark jeopardized his life in attempting to sail his frail craft with such a sea running.

How her great love for the gallant young sailor surged through her being, as she watched the boat rise and fall like a duck, now careening beneath the force of the wind as though she would surely capsize, and anon righting and holding her way bravely, true to the strong hand that held the tiller, and the keen eye that minded not the salt spray.

'What are you watching so closely?' asked Mrs. Barton, coming to her daughter's side.

Janet did not answer, and the sharp eyes of the matron espied the boat now some distance from the shore, which was struggling so bravely with the elements.

'Whose boat is that?' she asked.

And Janet answered faintly—

'It is Mark Grayson's.'

'Where is he going such a day as this?' again asked the mother.

'Over to his ship,' said the white faced girl, shivering as she spoke. 'He is going to sail in the 'Vulcan.''

'He will never reach there alive,' returned Mrs. Barton, in a voice which caused Janet to burst into a passion of sobbing

'What is the matter?' said the startled mother, stroking the curly head of her weeping daughter. 'Have you and Mark quarrelled?'

Janet's only answer was a wilder outburst of tears.

'Did he ask you to marry him?' questioned Mrs. Barton, raising her daughter's head and looking into the tear stained face.

'Yes,' sobbed Janet.

'And you refused him?'

'I wouldn't give him any answer,' she said, her sobs breaking forth afresh.

'And you have wrecked your life in order that the man you love might suffer?' said Mrs. Barton. 'I see it plainly.'

Then an exclamation broke from her lips as she looked seaward again.

'Where is the boat?' she cried, and Janet forgot her tears in a moment.

The gallant little craft was nowhere in sight, and Janet's blue eyes burned with a terrible fear.

'He is drowned,' she cried, 'and I have murdered him.'

Then she looked anxiously forth again, her frenzied eyes seeming to penetrate the angry waves which rolled so mercilessly in the bay.

'I can see his boat,' she cried at length, 'and it is drifting shoreward. Tell father to come to the shore as soon as he can when he gets home.'

Her words were uttered with a strange calmness, and in spite of her mother's remonstrance, she hastened from the house, and ran swiftly down to where the surf was beating on the rocky shore.

She shuddered, and closed her eyes, and when she looked again, a cry of horror burst from her lips, which were blue with cold.

The boat was even now amidst the rocks, where the waters seethed and foamed like a cauldron.

A huge wave lifted its helpless victim, and dashed him forward relentlessly.

His eyes were fixed upon Janet with a last, despairing look.

Her gaze seemed held by a horrible fascination,

The boat crashed amid the breakers, and then, with Mark still clinging to it, was hurled forward again, and remained wedged between two rocks, the hungry waves leaping again and again as though they would clutch and drag back the half-drowned wretch who clung to the shattered remnant of the boat.

Janet sprang down the declivity with the speed of a deer.

She reached the spot where Mark Grayson lay, and a smile brightened his sea-drenched face as she came near him.

'Oh, darling!' he cried, hoarsely, 'you can do nothing to save me! I am crushed and mangled. I can't help myself.'

His voice had a hollow, unnatural sound, and the smile left his lips as a sea, higher than the rest, broke over him and threatened to dislodge the boat.

But the wind was going down with the sun, and the waves beat fiercely; and Janet, despite the cold water, reached her lover's side and grasped his icy hand.

'I'll die with you, Mark!' she said fervently. 'But perhaps I can get you ashore.'

In vain she exerted her puny strength.—Though the wind was abating, the tide rose higher and higher, and Mark, whose strength was rapidly waning, begged her to save her own life while there was yet time.

She would not go. One arm was clasped about his neck; with the other she clung to the boat.

'I loved you all the time,' she said, 'and I will atone for my sin by dying with you!'

The boat to which they clung swayed and rocked as the tide rose higher, and the still turbulent waters beat about them, and a strange numbness was creeping over both, when a cherry voice roused them, and Captain Barton and some fishermen came to the rescue.

Janet continued her atonement by making Mark a most capital nurse, as he slowly recovered, and promised to further do penance by assuming his family name, providing he will forswear the life of a sailor, which he promises faithfully to do.

DOWN TO A FINE POINT.—'How is your son getting at school?' was asked of an old negro.

'Fust rate, sah. Powerful smart chile he is. W'y I kain' keep up wid dat boy's knowledge.'

'He can read, I suppose?'

'Oh, yas sah, and he ken write. Tell her whut he done yistidy. Wrote er letter ter his uncle whut libes way up tuther side er St. Louis. Yas, sah, he done dat berry thing. It doan take so much larnin' fer er boy ter write letters close ter home, an' mos' anybody ken write one o' dese letters whut yer drap in er box fur somebody in town, but when he writes one o' dem 400-mile letters w'y den he's got 'rithmetic down ter er mighty fine p'int.'

GRIEF AND THE HIGH HAT.—The high silk hat, which is generally worn in New York and Boston, does not meet with much favor in the west, although there are always a few professional gentlemen who wear it as a badge of dignity or because they like it.—It is supplanted by the hard or soft felt hat, and it is only when a man becomes a widower that he yearns for the stylish high hat, for no matter how deep his grief is he cannot express it in a crape swathing on a felt hat. It only makes him appear ridiculous. Consequently he does not try it, and if the silk hat does not not feel comfortable, he abandons it, and gets the credit of being a heartless brute! On such little things do the contingecies of life turn.—*New York Letter.*

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
FRIDAY, - - FEBRUARY 20, 1885.

THE impression now prevails at Washington that an extra session of Congress will be avoided, but there is no absolute certainty that such will be the case. If the legacy of an extra session is left to Mr. Cleveland it will be a most unfortunate beginning for his administration. A House that contains over seventy of a Democratic majority, ought to be able, if wise counsels prevail, to prevent such a calamity.

AN official of the Pennsylvania Railroad states that the company is abundantly able to handle all the emigrant business that may be offered to it during the summer, at the present low rate of *one dollar* a passenger from New York to Chicago. The emigrant travel from New York by all the lines during the season of 1884 did not exceed 1,000 passengers in any one day, and this number can be accommodated in twenty-five cars.

IT is related of President Lincoln that one night Mrs. Lincoln sailed into the library as he stood with his back to the fire warming his long frame. Her dress was long at one end and low, very low, at the other. "Whew," said Old Abe, "what a long tail our cat has to-night!" Mrs. Lincoln made no answer and paid no attention to him. He stood some time with his eyes on the floor and then said quietly: "Don't you think it would be better if some of our cat's tail was around her neck?"

THERE is a growing movement in the docks of London and among builders and other tradesmen to dispense with the services of Irish laborers, fifteen hundred Irish workingmen having recently been summarily dismissed from buildings in the course of erection in East London. Similar discharges, but on a smaller scale, have taken place at Liverpool, Manchester and other large towns. This is the result of the gospel of dynamite, as preached by O'Donovan Rossa and his insane followers, who advocate the blowing up of public buildings in England as a means of coercing the government of that country into an acknoweledgement of the independence of Ireland.

"THE LAW'S DELAY," which Hamlet esteemed among the insufferable ills of life, has just been well illustrated in a New York city court. Early in January, Captain Phelan, of Kansas City, Mo., was brutally assaulted in O'Donovan Rossa's office in New York city by a desperado named Short, and in the struggle that ensued was dangerously stabbed several times. Short was arrested and Phelan having recovered from his wounds, has made several ineffectual attempts to have Short put on trial. He has been met by excuses and delays until his patience has been exhausted, and on last Sunday night he declared that he was tired waiting for justice and he and his wife boarded the cars for their home. He may, however, be compelled to return if the court ever gets ready to try his assailant.

GOV. HOADLY, of Ohio, was one of the speakers at the Democratic banquet at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, on Thursday evening of last week, and responded to the sentiment, "The Democracy of the Future." Among other things he said:

> Let us not be unduly concerned with the question who are to be Mr. Cleveland's advisers; who shall be inducted into office under him and them. The vital question is of counsel, not counseller. If the face of the nation be fixedly set, and the step resolutely taken toward a Democratic future, what matter even though personal hopes and ambitions of many among us be disappointed? We ask of Mr. Cleveland two things only. First, that those offices which directly or indirectly affect the course of public events shall be filled with Democrats; and, secondly, that the administration of public affairs shall itself be Democratic. In his difficult task of leading the party in its management of public affairs the Democratic party will extend to him generous and hopeful confidence, and not waylay him with snappish and suspicious criticism, no matter how rapidly or slowly he may change merely the business offices of the nation.

AT A caucus of the Republican members of the United States Senate held the other day, the country was plainly given to understand of what kind of material the majority of that body is composed. The bill forfeiting fifteen millions of acres of land granted by Congress to the Texas Pacific Railroad Company, was passed by the House by an almost unanimous vote, as their was no decent pretext for any opposition to it. But at the caucus referred to the the Republican Senators resolved not to take action on that or any other land forfeiture bill during the present session. The Democratic House enforced the platform of the Democratic National Convention on this subject, but the Republican Senators treat the pledge of the Convention that nominated Blaine and Logan with supreme contempt. The Senate represents the corporate wealth of the country and not the rights of the people.

SOME of Mr. Arthur's recent appointments to places of high public trust have been peculiarly unfortunate, and most conspicuously so that of John Davis as a member of the Court of Claims. The only noteworthy incident in the life of Davis is that he married a daughter of Mr. Frelinghuysen, Mr. Arthur's Secretary of State. She is handsome and attractive and wears the very best kind of clothes. She has two handsome sisters, one of whom, Lucy, is younger than Mrs. Davis, and the other, Tillie, a good deal older, her age being set down at thirty-eight, and to whom it was reported last summer the President was engaged to be married. Davis has a position now under his father-in-law, but after the 4th of March he will be out of business, and the story goes that his wife, and her sisters, Lucy and Tillie, actually bull-dozed Arthur into making a Judge out of him, although, like Necessity, he knows no law and is universally admitted to be totally unfit for the position. It is called a "petticoat" appointment and has drawn down the indignation of the other members of the Court.

ABOUT two weeks ago the statement was published in the newspapers, based upon a dispatch from Harrisburg, that an ex-member of the House from Philadelphia, named Huhn, was in that city engaged in buying postage stamps from the members at a discount. It was stated that up to February 3d Huhn claimed that he had cleared $700, and that he thought he could double that amount before the close of the session. Assuming that all this is true, and that it is there is not much doubt, who must bear the blame for such disgraceful huckstering? Our answer is that the members themselves are responsible. Under the act of 1874 fixing the compensation of members of the Legislature, each member is allowed one hundred dollars worth of postage stamps. When letter postage was three cents this amount represented 3,333 stamps, but as the postage is now two cents it represents *five thousand* stamps, more than enough to last each member during his natural life. They are his property, however, in pursuance of the law, and he has a right to sell his surplus stock if he is mean enough to engage in that method of swindling the State. This postage stamp law has been in existence for eleven years and although it is a most palpable and stupendous fraud, no man in the Legislature has had the courage and honesty to attempt its repeal and the enactment of a fair and reasonable substitute. Mr. Horne, of this county, introduced a bill some time ago in regard to the pay of the members and officers of the House, but we do not know what provision his bill makes in regard to postage stamps. He is well aware that it is a swindle of the biggest dimensions and that it ought to be cut up by the roots, and we trust he has made a plain provision in his bill on that subject. Does his bill allow each member one hundred dollars for stationery, as the Harrisburg papers said it did, when he offered it? If it does it as indefensible as the postage stamp iniquity. Members are now allowed *fifty* dollars for stationery, whereas *half* that amount would be more than sufficient. Postage stamps and stationery for the members of the two houses now cost the State over thirty-seven thousand dollars per session.

JOHN BOYLE O'REILLY, the scholarly editor of the Boston *Pilot*, cannot, it seems, set his foot on English ground without being liable to arrest, thrown into prison and compelled to serve out the balance of a twenty years' term of imprisonment, imposed upon him in 1866, when he was tried and convicted for high treason against the British Government, because of his patriotic zeal for Ireland and her cause. After serving three years of his term of penal servitude in Australia he escaped, came to Boston, was naturalized, and soon after became editor of the *Pilot*. Some time ago he was invited to lecture in Montreal on St. Patrick's Day, the invitation coming from a high official of the government of Canada. He declined on the ground that he would be liable to arrest the moment he stepped upon Canadian soil. High officials in the government of Canada promised him immunity from arrest. Mr. O'Reilly wrote to Mr. Frelinghuysen, Secretary of State at Washington, explaining the circumstances, and asking him whether his citizenship would protect him from harm. The Secretary took a deep interest in the matter, and through Mr. Lowell, the American Minister at London, laid the question before the English Home Government. Mr. O'Reilly also wrote personally requesting permission to visit Canada, England and Ireland. A few days ago replies were received absolutely denying his request. Mr. O'Reilly is not an old man yet and may live long enough to be able once more to walk on the "Old Sod" and stand upon his native heath, without asking permission from Ireland's ancient and inveterate foe to enable him to do so.

WE published in our paper last week the text of the High License bill which was introduced into the House at Harrisburg and reported by the Committee with some important amendments.—The bill as originally drawn and presented imposed a license of $500 on those who sell intoxicating liquors at retail in cities of the first and second class, in addition to the license now required by law to be paid; in cities of the third, fourth and fifth class the additional license was fixed at $250 and all other hotel keepers were taxed $150 additional. This latter provision would apply to Cambria county. The Committee amended the bill fixing the license in cities of the first class (Philadelphia) at $500; in cities of the second class (Pittsburg), $300; in cities of the third, fourth and fifth class, $150, and in all other cities, boroughs and townships, $50. This latter sum would be the additional license required in this county, provided the bill becomes a law. All the license fees received from these sources are to be paid into the county treasuries and the present license fees are to continue to be paid into the State treasury. A very vigorous effort will be made to pass the bill and a strong opposition will be made against it. We will watch its progress carefully and keep our readers advised of the headway it makes or the reverse. The feeling throughout the State, so far as it has developed itself, is in favor of its passage. This is particularly the case in the cities where a high license would, it is believed, do away with the low drinking houses that are the fruitful nurseries of crime.

A BILL has been introduced into the Legislature which the Philadelphia *Press* thinks will bear careful watching. It provides for a Bureau of Forestry with a chief at a salary of $2,000, with authority to appoint a marshal and ten deputy marshals in every county who are to be paid $1.50 per day for the ostensible purpose of extinguishing forest fires. Any proper legislation for the purpose of protecting the forests of the State would meet with popular approval, but this bill would simply create a small army of new office holders at a heavy expense to the public treasury, for doing what could be done much better by the Secretary of Internal Affairs or the Secretary of the Commonwealth if authorized by law to take the preservation of the forests of the State in charge. It is somewhat singular that up to date no member has introduced a bill to establish a Base Ball and Skating Rink Bureau, both of which industries are now recognized as among the most important and growing interests of the State.

THE APOTHEOSIS OF AVENGERS.

It is amazing that the London journals and some New York newspapers which betray these British sympathies too recklessly, should be blind to the stupendous blunder involved in lauding the attempt to murder O'Donovan Rossa. The would-be assassin, Mrs. Dudley, is not herself more crazy than the writers who make her mad act a pretext for confounding right and wrong, for demolishing the bulwarks of law and social order, and for plunging Englishmen and Irishmen on both sides of the Atlantic in a war for mutual extermination.

It has pleased the London *Times* to dignify the misguided and apparently demented Mrs. Dudley by comparing her to Charlotte Corday. From one point of view that newspaper has done its best to give the parallel malign exactitude. The morbid sentiment that masks a savage passion for reprisals, is not the frame of mind best fitted to construe the real lesson of historical analogies. To the broad view that embraces effects as well as motives, the murder of Marat is memorable, less for the detestable character of the victim and the self immolating spirit of his destroyer, than for the appalling consequences of the crime. The act of Charlotte Corday was, more than aught else, chargeable with the inhuman butcheries of the succeeding Reign of Terror. It made a martyr of a monster and transformed an outcast's ravings, of which even the Paris mob had begun to tire and sicken, into the inspired injunctions of a translated prophet. It confused the conscience, stifled pity, and split the sympathies of France; it blocked the rising wave of conservative reaction, crushed the widespread Girondist conspiracy, stamped out the Vendean insurrection, choked the prisons, whetted the guillotine, and draped even the devilish malignity of a Carrier in the cloak of righteous retribution. There must have been much less of romance than of abhorrent folly in the act of Charlotte Corday to the eyes of Marie Antoinette, of Mme. Roland, and the myriad victims of the ensuing fatal twelvemonth, during which the gospel of blood found itself rehabilitated by the deplorable slaughter of its apostle. Is it possible the London *Times* can soberly desire to see the analogy by which it would exalt the stupid or insane work of an assassin implacably carried out?

Here is another heedless comment on Mrs. Dudley's mad act from the usually temperate and well-balanced *Standard*. This organ of influential English opinion does not scruple to twist Scripture to its purpose and propounds, apropos of Rossa, the edifying doctrine that "they who live by the sword must perish by the sword." Now, what is this but to acclaim lynch law; to discard the whole machinery of justice; to advocate the right of private ajudication and revenge; to set a price upon the head of every Irishman suspected—and in the absence of a trial suspicions pass for proofs—of complicity in dynamite conspiracies? What is it but to hound Englishmen the world over, to the murder of their fellow beings of Irish birth? How long a time will probably elapse, after a crime like Mrs. Dudley's has been excused, applauded, tricked out in patriotic, romantic, heroic colors, before a mob of English cranks, infected with the sanguinary craze, may forget to discriminate with niceness between the guilt and innocence of Irishmen, and come at last to run amuck in the thoroughfares of London?

By the vicious tenor of its comments on a rather shabby counterfeit of Charlotte Corday's infatuation, the London press is taking the straight course toward converting England into a shambles and Ireland into a hell. But let its disciples do their bloody work at home! Neither Irishmen nor Englishmen shall fight out their quarrels here. Our courts are open for the trial and the punishment of Irishmen and Englishmen who can be shown to have committed any offence against our laws. But our streets are not open, and they never will be, for cutthroats to glut their grudges in, and buy the cheap distinction of patriotic ardor by unreproved assassination.—*New York Sun.*

GOOD SENSE COME BACK.—The American Iron and Steel association can be sensible when the election is over.—They have issued an address which they conclude by urging their members to conduct their business "as if we had faith in the good sense of the American people and an American Congress."—This is just what we urged the iron and steel manufacturers to believe before the election, when they pretended to believe that everything would go to the "demnition bow wows," if Cleveland should be elected. It was a patent thought that no administration would be so foolish as to hazard any disaster to the established business interest of the country. The Iron and Steel association now declare in their address that they consider business to be improving and that the depression of the past two years has reached its limit. This is a confession that the Democratic victory has not been a business smasher. They say that their statistics show that the production of iron and steel last year, in this country, was of greater tonnage than of any year prior to 1881; and that it has all been consumed and been paid for. There was no abnormal accumulation of stock at the end of the year. This significant fact shows that the country manufactures, even under the unoubted severe limitation of its business, a great amount of iron and steel and consumes all that it makes. The increased demand which is certain to come, with business revival and the country's natural growth, will tax its manufacturing capacity when it sets in and will cause the lighting of its idle fires. There may or may not be a sudden boom in prices; that will depend upon whether the merchant gets excited or keeps cool. It will be a great deal better for everyone if there is no boom, but a slow and steady return to remunerative prices. There is no occasion for any wild or any great advance. The manufacturing resources of the country are very great and equal to any demand if it is not made with unreasonable suddenness and a ferocity. The great development of the Southern iron fields will be a check upon a great rise in pig iron, and it is reasonably certain that the prices now running will not be permanently advanced in the future to any extent. The ironmasters' profit will be more likely to come from a lessened cost in freights and raw materials.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

BALLOU'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE for March is issued and is fully up to its usual excellent standard. There is a capital illustrated article in Africa, showing the celebrated Victoria Falls—the most wonderful in the world. Then comes Mr. Wm. H. Thomes's story, "Lewey and I; or, Sailor Boys' Wandering," fully as interesting as the author's "Belle of Australia," and "On Land and Sea," two of the most popular books published within the last ten years. In the third part of "Lewey and I," the scene of which is laid in San Diego, in the year 1846, during the early stages of the Mexican War, the two adventurers make their escape from the calabozo, and turn the tables on the Mexican, Sanchos, who takes his place in the boys' cell. There is a very funny account of a banquet given by Scotch Jack, during which he does all the talking and drinking to the intense disgust of his companions; and at last they rise up in their might, and, pitching Jack out of the building, finish the punch and food in a hurry. We understand the author, Mr. Thomes, intends to visit the scenes of his early adventures in California some time in April, and the trip will be of rare interest to him, we should suppose. "Lewey and I" promises well. The other matter in BALLOU'S is good, and includes stories, poems, amusing matter, etc. Only $1.50 per year, or 15 cts. single copy. Address, Thomes & Talbot, 23 Hawley St., Boston, Mass.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16, 1885.

Congress for the past week has been the foot ball of obstructive, dilatory and mischievous cranks. Appropriation bills and other important if not indispensable lesgislation have been delayed and an extra session seems very probable. Well, who cares? Let an extra session be called. A member of Congress is paid $5,000 a year, and whether he legislate in Washington or vegetate in his rural home, he draws his pay all the same. We pay Congress to make laws. It is desperately difficult to keep it down to its work. The members are wretched shirks; they seldom pull together except on a motion to adjourn; but since they are paid so much a year, let their alleged work be continued throughout the year. It would be better to pay them by the day, and only when they are in their seats. When a member fails to answer to his name on the roll call dock his wages. If he is tardy make him bring a written excuse from his wife. If these wholesome rules were enforced there would be less absenteeism, less skipping around the corner, less solitary and informal adjournment to the restaurants in the basement of the Capitol. The fact is, that the people are too easy and too lenient with those who, with vaunting hypocrisy, call themselves "public servants." These deputized legislative employes, to put it mildly, are many of them bummers and loafers, interested chiefly in their private ambitions and pleasures, and utterly indifferent to, or ignorant of, the needs of the great interests they are sent to represent. Congress is not up with the times. It is not at all progressive. So far as I know, parliamentary methods and procedure are not much better now than they were when Rome was a Republic two thousand years ago. A plan has been devised to call the roll by electricity, and thus register instantly the vote of every member, but the old and tedious plan of calling the ayes and nayes is still followed, consuming a great portion of the session.

An extra session will probably be called early in April. It is said that the Democrats desire to avoid an extra session on political grounds, but apprehensions are perhaps exaggerated, and it is time legislators should rise above mere party expediency and do their duty without fear. In the end this would be the broadest and highest expediency.

It looks now as if Mr. Thurman will be a member of the Cabinet. He is earnestly urged by influential Democrats throughout the country. Senator Pendleton does not want a Cabinet portfolio, but asks that Mr. Thurman may be appointed. The objection has been made that he is too old, but he is younger than Gladstone, Bismark, or Moltke. He is the ablest among the able. No man is better equipped for the portfolios of State, Finance, Justice or Interior.

K.

THE SITUATION IN EUROPE.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Things look worse and worse for the Ministry in this Egyptian trouble. The heavy losses in all the fights are reducing the small forces of Wolseley to such infinitesimal proportions that everybody now thinks all the regiments in the country will be cut down one by one, and, even if final victory should come to the British arms, that these precious pioneers will be a preliminary holocaust.

A still more serious matter for alarm is that the unanimity with which the energetic measures of the Government for pushing on the campaign were hailed in the first outburst of shame and grief at the death of Gordon, is already giving signs of dissolution. The Radicals, who have been always restive under this whole Egyptian business, are alarmed at the terrible vista of boundless expense and great bloodshed in an enterprise against the Mahdi. If Gladstone, too, should adhere as obstinately as ever to the policy of abandoning the Soudan as soon as conquered, sensible men of all parties will revolt against a policy of combined butchery at first and running away afterward.

The first sign of the break in the Liberal party is in the speeches of John Morley and Leonard Courtney. The first is the ablest Radical journalist in England, and, though he is not yet a good parliamentary orator, he represents a very strong following in the country. Courtney has rather damaged himself by taking up the academic craze of proportional representation; but he has the prestige of having been proved right by time in protesting obstinately against the annexation of the Transvaal; and the two men together will undoubtedly form a strong team.

Another sign of the times is that the provincial Radical journals, which lean as invitably toward peace at any price as the London journals do toward jingoism, have begun to discover that the demand for an expedition to smash the Madhi is founded on the unchristian principle of revenge; and, finally, the work of disorganization has advanced with such rapidity in the last couple of days, that there are already reports and denials of several Ministerial resignations.

Gladstone is in the worst plight of all, being cursed on all sides with a vehemence that is almost unparalelled. The savagery of the mood against him may be gathered from the fact all the newspapers comment with fierce condemnation on his enjoyment of young Justin McCarthy's play, "The Candidate," on the night that the news of Gordon's death arrived. Every one of the hearty laughs, with which he received that witty production, is registered against him as an addition to his many other crimes.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND TO HIS CABINET, MARCH 4, 1885.

Gentlemen: In entering upon the administration of public affairs, let us first discuss the Question of Policy. No doubt each of you has a policy.

Members of Cabinet: Yes! yes! we will have policies.

President: Your careful consideration will be required in the matter of a Foreign Policy.

Members of Cabinet: No! no! We want a United States Policy.

President: Let us reach facts. What is your policy?

Members of Cabinet: An Accident Policy in the UNITED STATES MUTUAL ACCIDENT ASSOCIATION at half rates. The best in the world.

President: Gentlemen, I find I have made no mistake. Your Policy is the best one. You have acted with wisdom, forethought and prudence. You have protected yourselves; you are capable of protecting the public at large. I know THE UNITED STATES MUTUAL ACCIDENT ASSOCIATION to be a sound institution; its rates are low; it has no valid claims contested nor any unpaid. With this gratifying assurance, we will now proceed to discuss the next most important question, the Spanish Treaty.

NOTE.—The United States Mutual Accident Association of New York is the largest, cheapest and best mutual accident company in the world. The membership fee is $5, payable but once. About $13 a year (which may be paid at one time if preferred or as the assessments are made during the year) will carry a policy that assures to those having a preferred occupation $5,000 in the event of death by accident, or $25 a week in case of disabling injury; $10,000 accident insurance with $50 weekly indemnity at proportionate rates.

No professional or business man should be without accident insurance when so small an outlay secures so large an indemnity in the event of serious accident at a time when most needed. Half a million of losses have been paid. All claims are paid immediately upon receipt of satisfactory proof. For further particulars send for circular and application blank to 320 and 322 Broadway, New York.

CHARLES B. PEET, President.
JAMES R. PITCHER, Secretary.

—Blizzards seem to be all the go.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—There is nothing like Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil to quickly cure a cold or relieve hoarseness. Written by Mrs. M. J. Fellows, Burr Oak. St. Joseph Co., Michigan.

—Over brain work and excesses reduce the vitality and cause nervous exhaustion, etc. The Pastille treatment is a radical cure. Harris remedy Co., St. Louis, Mo., send *free trials.*

—James W. Murray who laid in wait and assassinated his brother-in-law, Alfred Yerke, whom he mistook for another man who was suspected of undue intimacy with Murray's divorced wife, was hanged at Portland, Oregon, on Friday afternoon, in the presence of about thirty witnesses.

—Chief of Police Gus. L. Braun, of Pittsburg, died Sunday afternoon, of peritonitis, after a short illness. Chief Braun gained widespread notoriety recently by placing under arrest the Austro-Hungarian Consul in that city because the latter refused to take in an Austrian flag floating in front of his office when ordered to do so by Braun, who claimed that it came under an ordinance prohibiting swinging signs.

—A sensation has been created at Atlanta, Ga., by the announcement that Samuel Small, a well known jurnalist and author of the "Old Si" character sketches, has abandoned journalism and is preparing himself for the Protestant Episcopal Church. Mr. Small was secretary to President Johnson, and later held that position under Commodore McCormack at the Paris exposition.

—On Friday last the rope of timber truck at No. 8 slope, Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company, at Ashley, broke as it was being lowered into the slope. The truck ran to the bottom, a distance of 1,500 feet, with fearful velocity. Upon it were five mine carpenters, who were thrown off when half way down. One of them, John Williams, was instantly killed, and the other four are seriously injured, the recovery of two being extremely doubtful.

—Major Frank Clarke, senior partner of the banking firm of Clarke, Bryan & Howell, at Bryan, Texas, committed suicide Sunday evening at five o'clock by shooting himself with a revolver. The cause is unknown. It is supposed he was laboring under mental aberration at the time. The bank is in a prosperous condition and the suicide could not therefore have resulted from business troubles. Mr. Clarke left a note addressed to his partner, Guy M. Bryan, Jr., requesting the latter to take charge of his estate and see that his children were provided for.

—George Payson Bushell is a wealthy cattle raiser, living near Southampton, Bucks county. He lately owned a fine herd of 13 short-horn cattle. For some weeks past he has been grieved beyond measure to know that his bovine favorites have been sick.—Last Tuesday week James Brown, a local cow doctor of some reputation, informed Mr. Bushell that his cattle were suffering from pleuro-pneumonia and that it was necessary to have them all killed. Mr. Bushell was nearly heartbroken at the news and he could not bear to think of his pets being pole axed in the cruel, blundering way commonly in vogue at the abattoir and other slaughtering places. He therefore expressed his humane views pretty forcibly to Dr. Brown and requested that worthy to suggest some more humane method of putting the poor animals out of their misery. The doctor suggested chloroform and the following morning a quantity of the insiduous anesthetic was administered to each of the animals. When each one sank into death-like slumber Dr. Brown with great care passed a long, straight knife into each of their hearts. Mr. Bushell intends having the carcasses stuffed and set up in a large frame building, to be erected for the purpose near his homestead, to be kept as mementoes of his sorrow and of his humane way of keeping the law which says that diseased cattle must be killed.

"IN Edward McCabe," says the Philadelphia *Record*, "Cardinal Archbishop of Dublin, the Catholic Church in Ireland has lost a very distinguished and worthy member.—He was born in Dublin in 1816, the son of a well known Catholic journalist, educated at Maynooth and ordained by Archbishop Murray. Not until Dr. Cullen succeeded to the Archbishopric was the talent of the modest and hard-working young curate recognized, but then his advancement was rapid. Priest of the important parish of Kingstown, then Vicar General, finally assistant prelate with the title of Bishop of Gadara, June 25, 1877, Dr. McCabe practically administered the diocese under Cardinal Cullen, whom he succeeded as Archbishop in March, 1879, being raised to the Cardinalate March 2, 1882. The comparatively brief public career of the second Irish Cardinal was notable mainly for his pastorals against the principles of the Land League and the participation of women in politics. An amiable and devoted man, his loss at such a period is a serious blow to the Church in the much-vexed Green Island."

Wonders Never Cease.

A long time ago the wise man said there is nothing new under the sun, but yet the daily experience of hundreds seem to prove this false. Some contend that the days of miracles are past, but yet it appears as if they are not yet gone by, when such men as I. N. Tidball, of Washington, Pa., gives the following remarkable testimony:

"I have been a severe sufferer from chronic rheumatism and kidney affection for over twenty years, and after having tried nearly everything without getting relief, commenced using Peruna a few months ago. The benefit I have received is wonderful. I feel like a new man, and am fully restored to health."

Surely such a cure is remarkable, and none should hesitate any longer about using Peruna, the great remedy discovered by Dr. Hartman. Send to your druggist for a bottle, and ask for his book on the 'Ills of Life.'

His Slippery Glass Eye.

"The Squire," says the author of "The Hoosier Schoolmaster," "wore one glass eye and a wig. The glass eye was constantly slipping out of focus, and the wig turning around sidewise on his head when he addressed the people of the Flat Creek District." Sad spectacle. Parker's Hair Balsam preserves and promotes the growth of the natural hair. It also restores the natural color to hair which has faded or become gray. Clean, elegant, beneficial, highly perfumed.

A WEAK BACK, with a weary aching lameness over the hips is a sign of diseased kidneys. Use the best kidney curative known which is Burdock Blood Bitters.

CASTORIA.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.
—For sale at James' Drug Store.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
QUALITY NOT QUANTITY. P PURITY.
Trade Mark. On Every Bottle.
PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.
—THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely **Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.**

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the **Kidneys and Liver.**

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to **Women**, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

☞ The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.
Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

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WONDER-BOOKS in no trifling sense, but the best literature of the world presented in excellent and attractive form, at prices so low as to excite universal "wonder."

LIBRARY of STANDARD HISTORY. Containing in one volume, imperial octavo, good type, with numerous fine illustrations, the whole richly bound in fine cloth, ornamented, the following celebrated works, unabridged:

GREEN'S Larger HISTORY of the ENGLISH PEOPLE.
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CREASY'S Fifteen DECISIVE BATTLES of the WORLD.
SCHILLER'S HISTORY of the THIRTY YEARS' WAR.

HARPER & BROTHERS' lowest price for these four great works is $14.50; my price is ***$2.50;*** postage 40 cents extra.

"A wonder-book in more senses than one. The idea of putting a work like this at only $2.50 per copy, seems preposterous; and yet there is wisdom in it, for everybody will want it, and it will thus be the means of advertising and introducing the numerous other valuable books which the publisher is putting forward."—*Christian at Work*, New York City.

"It is truly a marvel of skill and a triumph of modern mechanical art that such a noble volume can be furnished at so small a cost. Whether we admire its large proportions, beautiful binding, fair page, excellent paper, numerous and striking illustrations, numbering nearly 100—all are first-class."—*Christian Cynosure*, Chicago, Ill.

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Scott's Complete Poetical and Dramatic Works.
Complete Poetical Works of Robert Burns.
Complete Poetical Works of Thomas Moore.

Equally good editions of these are not elsewhere obtainable for less than $4.50; my price ***$2.00;*** postage 24 cents.

LIBRARY of CLASSIC PROSE. In one imperial octavo volume of about 900 pages, handsome type, and fine cloth binding ornamented, the following famous essays and works:

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John Stuart Mill On Liberty.
P. G. Hamerton's The Intellectual Life.
Herbert Spencer on Education.
Great Thoughts from Greek Authors.
Great Thoughts from Latin Authors.
Complete Essays by Lord Bacon.
Complete "Letters of Junius."
Irving's Rip Van Winkle and Other Sketches.
Washington's Farewell and Other Addresses.
Macaulay's Life of Frederick the Great.

The above cannot be obtained from any other publishing house for less than $10; my price is ***$1.75;*** postage 30 cents.

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BLACK SILKS, COLORED SILKS,
DRESS GOODS.

Ladies' and Misses' Winter Wraps, Muscottes, Jackets, Dolmans, Plush Coats, at $20.00 and upwards.
Seal Skin Sacques and Dolmans at reduced prices, and only in the best quality.
Lace Curtains, Table Linens, Towels, Holiday Handkerchiefs, by the Million.
Fancy Goods for the Holidays, now ready in great variety.

Largest Retail Establishment
IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.
Samples and Prices Sent Promptly, on Application.
JOS. HORNE & CO'S
RETAIL STORES.
Penn Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALL FOR NOTHING.
WHY THE DOCTOR WAS DISGUSTED, AND WHAT MIGHT HAVE DONE WITHOUT HIM.

"Well, wife," said Dr. E——, as he entered his house, which was situated in a cozy village in central New York, "I have got back from a long and dreary ride away down among the mountains, and all to no purpose whatever. The messenger said the man wouldn't live till morning, when the fact is he had only an ordinary attack of colic. If the simpletons had only had sense enough to put a BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER on his stomach he would have been all right in an hour or two. But some folks are slow to learn," added the old physician, swallowing the cup of steaming tea his wife had just poured for him.

Dr. E—— was right; yet people do learn, even though slowly. The rapidly increasing use of Benson's plaster proves this beyond question, and the good doctors are certain to be saved much of their needless toil. In all diseases capable of being affected by a plaster Benson's acts efficiently and at once. The genuine have the word CAPCINE cut in the centre. Price 25 cents.
SEABURY & JOHNSON, Chemists, New York.

THE KEYSTONE ELECTRIC CO.,
SOLE LICENCEES FOR PENN'A OF
THE BAXTER ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY,

are prepared to furnish *entire electric plants*. Will also arrange with counties, cities, corporations or individuals, for the right to use the BAXTER LAMP, the most economical improvement in electric lighting ever invented—saving one-half the cost of lighting by Arc Lamps, and making a steadier and purer light. The consumption of carbons is less than one fourth of what it is the ordinary lamp. Eighteen inches of carbons, burning in ordinary lamps but half a night, will last in these lamps three nights, burning ALL NIGHT LONG.

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EUREKA!!!
WILLIAM PEEBLES,
517 Wood Street,
PITTSBURG, PA.,
Agent for
EUREKA Roller Skates.

I defy competition with these Skates. The only skates that will not bend axles, or lose wheels.

Send for Sample Pair, C. O. D.!
Jan. 30.-1m.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale his farm in Gallitzin township, Cambria county, Pa., situated on the road leading from Ashland Furnace to Tunnel Hill, containing 120 acres, 100 of which are cleared, and half well limed, with 1500 rods under drain, and having thereon a frame house of 11 rooms, frame barn 51x60, carriage house, wagon shed, corn crib, blacksmith shop, milk house, and all kinds of fruit; including grapes, and 360 choice apple, pear, plum, quince and crab trees. These premises are underlaid with coal and I am now operating the well known Ashland bank; having storage room for 10,000 bushels. The land is in a high state of cultivation and the building all in good order. Apply on the premises.
GEORGE J. MYERS.
Gallitzin township, Jan. 16, '85.

NOTICE.—In the Orphan's Court of the county of Cambria.
To the heirs and legal representatives of Richard Nagle, deceased. Greeting: You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg on the first Monday of March next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Richard Nagle, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why the same should not be sold.
D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, Ebensburg, January 15, 1885.

WANTED—One agent, lady or gentleman, in every county. Steady employment. Our agents are making from $2 to $7 per day. Full particulars sent free. Address at once.
PARK MFG COMPANY,
Box 1521. 23 Broadway, New York.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ebensburg, Pa. Office in building of T. J. Lloyd, dec'd, (first floor,) Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactori and collections a specialty. [10-14.-tf.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞ Office in Colonnade Row, on Centre street.

JOHN E. SCANLAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Nov. 16, 1883. EBENSBURG, PA.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in 962 good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

Still Reducing Stock.

I again call the attention of the public to the fact that I am still selling goods at a great reduction in order to reduce my stock. As you all know my stock consists of everything in the

Hardware, House-Furnishing, and Agricultural

line. It is not necessary to enumerate it here, but come and satisfy yourselves that I am offering bargains in everything. As this is the time of the year for Shovel Plows and Cultivators, call and see my stock, which I am selling right down to first cost. I am also offering great bargains in

Wall Paper, Trunks, Silver Plated Ware,

Well and Cistern Pumps, Double Bitt Axes, &c. Remember my terms are cash, I cannot make these big reductions and charge goods on the books.

G. HUNTLEY.

Ebensburg, May 16, 1884.-tf.

Advertising Cheats!!!

'It has become so common to begin an article, in an elegant, interesting style,

'Then run it into some advertisement that we avoid all such,

'And simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bitters in as plain, honest terms as possible,

'To induce people

'To give them one trial, which so proves their value that they will never use anything else.'

'THE REMEDY so favorably noticed in all the papers,

Religious and secular, is

'Having a large sale, and is supplanting all other medicines.

'There is no denying the virtues of the Hop plant, and the proprietors of Hop Bitters have shown great shrewdness and ability * * *

'In compounding a medicine whose virtues are so palpable to every one's observation.'

Did She Die?

'No!

'She lingered and suffered along, pining away all the time for years,'

'The doctors doing her no good;'

'And at last was cured by this Hop Bitters that the papers talk so much about.'

'Indeed! Indeed!'

'How thankful we should be for that medicine.'

A Daughter's Misery.

'Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery,

'From a complication of kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and Nervous debility.

'Under the care of the best physicians,

'Who gave her disease various names,

'But no relief,

'And now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters that we had shunned for years before using it.'—THE PARENTS.

Father is Getting Well.

'My daughters say:

'How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters.'

'He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable.'

'And we are so glad that he used your Bitters.'—A LADY of Utica, N. Y.

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
—OF—
Valuable Real Estate!

BY virtue of an order issuing out of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, the undersigned, Administratrix of Chambers A. Parsons, late of the township of Dean in said county, deceased, will expose to public sale, on the premises, on

Friday, February 20, 1885,

At two o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Dean, county of Cambria, Penn'a, adjoining lands of James McGuire, Jane McGuire and others, containing

108 ACRES,

More or less, about thirty-five acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a-half story plank house and frame stable.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of sale and the remainder in two equal annual payments with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage of the purchaser.
CATHARINE McCARTY,
Dean twp., Jan. 28, '85.-3t. Administratrix.

ADJOURNED
ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

BY VIRTUE OF ORDERS ISSUING OUT of the Court of Common Pleas, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House, in Ebensburg, on

MONDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1885.

At One O'clock, P. M., all that certain tract of land situate in Cambria township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Martin Sanders, Enoch Short, William O'Connell and heirs of Benjamin Lloyd, deceased, containing

128 ACRES,

About 90 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a HOUSE AND BARN. It has a good Apple and Pear Orchard, is one of the best grain and grass farms in Cambria county, and will be positively sold.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments with interest, to be secured upon the premises.
MICHAEL BRADLEY,
Assignee of Jas. C. Murray and Frances A. Murray.

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers at private sale, his farm in Cambria township, one and one-half miles from Ebensburg, containing 240 Acres, in a good state of cultivation, with good frame house and frame barn, an excellent orchard, plenty of water and about one million feet of lumber on the premises. To parties wishing to purchase a smaller piece of land, he will divide it to suit purchasers. Terms reasonable. Call on the subscriber residing on the premises.
MARTIN SANDERS.
Cambria twp., Jan. 6, 1885.

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell at private sale, the farm of the late Silas Parrish, deceased, situated two and one-half miles south of Ebensburg, in Cambria township, on the road to O'Hara's mill, containing **140 Acres**—about 85 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation.—There is a good log house, weatherboarded, a frame barn 40x60 feet, a good orchard and plenty of good water on the premises. For further information call on the subscriber on the premises.
January 16, 1885.-6t. WM. C. PARRISH.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of ELIZABETH McGOUGH, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth McGough, late of Portage township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay and those having claims against the same must present them properly authenticated for settlement.
PHILIP BEITER, Executor.
Portage, Cambria county, Pa. Jan. 23,-6t.

ADVERTISERS! send for our Select List of Local Newspapers. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Protection Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Cambria county, for the year ending December 31, 1884:

Amount insured—		
Jan. 14, 1884	$1,879,532.80	
During year	425,345.00	$2,[illegible]
Deduct am't expired—		
During year	344,250.00	
Deduct amount—		
Surrendered and cancel'd	55,157.00	399,[illegible]
Amount property—		
Insured Dec. 31, 1884		$1,[illegible]
Am't notes in force—		
Jan. 14, 1884	157,172.58	
Am't Premium notes—		
Taken during year	40,228.00	197,[illegible]
Deduct am't expired		
During year	30,919.00	
Deduct amount—		
Surrendered and cancel'd	8,204.00	37,[illegible]
Am't Premium notes—		
In force Dec. 31, 1884		160,[illegible]
Number policies issued during year		[illegible]
Number policies in force Dec. 31, 1884		[illegible]
CASH ACCOUNT—RECEIPTS.		
Amount on hand at date last settlement	$1,489.26	
Cash for new insurance	1,402.31	
Money borrowed May 1, 1884	700.00	
Assessment No. 3 authorized July 19, 1884—		
Amount collected on same	4,717.30	—$8,[illegible]
EXPENDITURES.		
Losses paid—		
Edward W. Evans	780.00	
Christopher White (balance)	280.04	
Michael Gates	1,000.00	
George Lamyre	600.00	
A. G. Storm	10.00	
Francis Yeager	800.00	
Joseph A. Gray	334.00	
Wm. R. Williams	457.00	
Lewis Endler	33.50	
P. L. Eck	15.00	
Aaron Sheeline	20.65	
James R. Cooper	4.14	
Other expenses—		
Com's'n on assessment No. 3	235.86	
Bor money (paid Sep. 26, 1884)	700.00	
Interest on same	17.50	
Secretary's fees	125.00	
Treasurer's salary	50.00	
Rent	40.00	
Agent's commission	278.00	
Prem's return'd for policies can	80.72	
Printing, postage, stationery, etc	182.56	
Compensation Executive Com	25.10	
Expenses adjusting losses, etc	4.50	—$8,[illegible]
Balance on hand		[illegible]

January 23rd, 1885, the foregoing account audited, found correct and approved.
JOHN LLOYD,
JOHN J. EVANS,
C. T. ROBERTS,
Executive Committee.

R. L. JOHNSTON, M. J. BUCK, A. W. BUCK.
Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
Ebensburg, Pa.

Money Received on Deposit
PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
COLLECTIONS MADE
AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS.
DRAFTS on the Principal Cities
Bought and Sold and a
General Banking Business Transacted.
ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.
Ebensburg, April 4, 1884.-tf.

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!
Three Doors West of Postoffice,
HIGH STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.
J. H. GANT, Proprietor.

THE PUBLIC will always find us at our place of business in business hours. Everything neat and cosy. CLEAN TOWELS A SPECIALTY.

NOTICE.—In the Orphan's Court of the County of Cambria.
To the heirs and legal representatives of Augustine Fry, deceased. Greeting: You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg on the first Monday of March next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Augustine Cronmaster, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why the same should not be sold.
D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Eb'g., Pa.
December 16, 1884.

NOTICE.—In the Orphan's Court of the county of Cambria.
To the heirs and legal representatives of David Kring, deceased, Greeting: You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court to be held in Ebensburg on the first Monday of March next; then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of David Kring, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why the same should not be sold.
D. A. LUTHER,
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Dec. 24, 1884. Sheriff.

E. H. FLICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
ALTOONA, PA.
☞ Office in Room No. 7, Shenk Block, Eleventh avenue. All kind of legal business promptly and satisfactorily attended to in both English and German. Collections a specialty. [4-18.-tf.]

M. E. BUCKLEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
ALTOONA, PA.
☞ Office over the First National Bank. Entrance on 11th avenue, second door from 11th st.

M. D. KITTELL
Attorney-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in new Armory Hall, opposite Court House.

GEO. M. READE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞ Office on Centre street, near High.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - FEB. 20, 1885.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There and the Other Place.

—Next Sunday is Washington's birthday.

—For canned goods go to the Sugar Bowl.

—Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets never fail.

—For choice groceries go to the Sugar Bowl.

—12 mills is the rate of county and poor tax for 1885.

—Indiana county has only one prisoner in the penitentiary.

—The bonded indebtedness of Clearfield county is $117,000.

—Try the new cough syrup sold by Oatman. It will cure every time.

—That elegant syrup at Oatman's is just too good, our children cry for it? Well, ours does too.

—They may all tell you they sell cheap, but there is none of them gets down as low in price as Oatman.

—Mrs. Mollie McDonald, of Prospect borough, fell on the ice and broke her arm on Thursday of last week

—Best white back wall paper, 18 cents for double roll. brown back, good, 12 cents per double roll, at Oatman's.

—The county jail has at present thirty-seven inmates, eight of whom are colored and five of the gentler sex.

—Frank McPike, of the Altoona *Times*, and Will Horan, of the Johnstown *Democrat*, spent Sunday in town.

—A broken axle on an east-bound freight train caused a wreck near Summerhill on Wednesday morning, but there was nobody hurt.

—Mrs. John E. Davis, of this place, slipped on the ice on Sunday last near the residence of Edward W. Humphreys and broke her arm.

—Mrs. Thomas J. Davis, of this place, fell on the ice on Sunday last near the Presbyterian church and dislocated her arm near the elbow.

—James Jones will sell a lot of personal property, farming utensils, &c. at his farm in Summerhill township, on Thursday, the 26th inst.

—A Johnstown typo and his girl were knocked into pi by the upsetting of their sleigh while returning from Carrolltown on Sunday last.

—T. R. Scanlan, Esq., took suddenly sick at the Blair House on Tuesday evening, but was able to be about again on Wednesday morning.

—Lost, strayed or stolen—the fellow who was "fired" out of a certain business place on last Saturday evening by one of the feminine gender.

—The valentine craze seems to be on the decline. The number of missives handled by the postmaster in this place was small when compared with former years.

—On last Sunday morning at an early hour ex-Sheriff Spangle, of Somerset county, committed suicide by blowing out his brains on account of financial embarrassment.

—The groundhog seems to be doing his duty when the continued cold snap is taken into consideration. Our thermometer on Tuesday morning last registered 12 degrees below zero.

—The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of L. F. Darnell, Florist, of Johnstown, which will be found in another column. Flowers of every variety sent on short notice.

—Lost, on Sunday night, on the Clay Pike, east of Griffith's saw mill—a lady's hat. The finder will confer a favor, and be suitably rewarded, by leaving it with E. B. Cresswell, of Ebensburg.

—On Tuesday last Witherow, the Democratic candidate for Controller in Altoona, was elected over Hurd, Republican, by a majority of 510, and the Democrats also elected a majority of the members of Council.

—We understand that Mr. Joseph A. Wertner has sold his interest in the hotel in Chest Springs which he has been keeping for some months, to Mr. Al Horrell, of Altoona, who will take possession on the first of March.

—A bill for $12,000 has been presented to the United States District Court by George M. Reade, Esq., of Ebensburg, for services rendered as attorney for the assignee of William M. Lloyd, bankrupt, of Altoona, from 1875 up to the present time.

—Johnnie Jones, son of Wm. M. Jones, formerly of this place but now of Allegheny City, who for some time past has been engaged in a clerical capacity at Kane, McKean county, is said to be lying dangerously ill with typhoid fever at the latter place.

—On Friday last the jury in the Martin murder case tried at Clearfield, after being out for more than three hours brought in a verdict of acquittal on the grounds of insanity. The verdict was expected to be so and gives general satisfaction. Mrs. Martin will be sent to an asylum.

—On Wednesday morning the trainmen on the Ebensburg & Cresson Branch concluded that they couldn't get to Cresson without assistance, and as the gravel train has been kept busy on the main line keeping it open, the mails and passengers between Cresson and this place have to travel in sleighs.

-Scarlet fever is said to be prevailing to an alarming extent in the neighborhood of South Fork, several families being sadly afflicted with it. Mr. D. W. Luke has buried one child and his wife and another child are down with it. Mr. Luke has our sympathy with the hope that they may speedily recover.

—Edward McGlade, Esq., of Portage, who was arrested last week on the charge of causing the death of Wm. Barnes, was brought to jail on Saturday last, and on Monday was released on a writ of habeas corpus, he furnishing bail in the sum of $2,500, with Michael Donahoe, John McCool and John Hamilton as sureties.

Johnstown *Tribune*: Rev. Father Dennis, assistant pastor of St. Joseph's German Catholic church, this city, was this Monday morning taken to a hospital in Pittsburg for treatment for dropsy. The reverend gentleman preached yesterday a week ago, but was not able to assist at services yesterday. His many friends will wish him a speedy recovery.

—A firm in New York proposes to lease or buy two gas wells at Homewood, Pa., and erect beside them a large factory for the manufacture of lampblack. The article is largely in demand for the manufacture of blacking, printer's ink, and various other things in which it is an ingredient. Natural gas has been found to produce an extra good lampblack.

—A concert of vocal and instrumental music will be given in the Congregational church to-night, by Miss S. A. Tavalaw, Miss Bella Jones and Mr. T. G. Jones (Tavalaw). The concert will consist of popular songs including sea, war, love, comic and descriptive songs, with violin illustrations of the popular melodies of all nations. To commence at 7.30 p. m. Admission 25 cts.; children half price.

—On Sunday night and Monday morning snow fell to the depth of about fourteen inches at this place. No difficulty was experienced on our branch railroad however on Monday, as the snow was very light and there was no wind and consequently no drifting. But on Tuesday morning it commenced drifting and the train that left here succeeded in reaching Cresson, but on its return trip stuck at different places on the road and had to be shoveled out and only reached here at 9 o'clock at night, the passengers having been in the cars all day.

—On Friday evening last William Shearer, a blacksmith near East Conemaugh, and employed by the P. R. R. Co. in their shops at that place, while walking on the railroad track was struck by Limited Express and instantly killed, having his neck and left arm broken and his skull fractured. He leaves a widow and seven children, some of whom are grown up. He was about 53 years of age.

—A party of ladies from Lilly's came to this place in sleds on last Monday evening and spent the night very pleasantly at the Central House. We are inclined to believe, however, that it was not so pleasant for them while returning home Tuesday morning, with mercury standing at 12° below zero, snow five feet deep, more or less, and the requisites necessary to supply "sleeveology" wanting.

—A man who lives not one hundred miles from Ebensburg and who is fond of paying attention to somebody else than his wife, on Saturday night last on getting ready to leave his fair inamorata and town, found that his horse had been turned loose and after spending some time hunting it concluded that his only remedy was to walk and started on his way, a sadder, but we hope a wiser man.

—William Stough was arrested in Johnstown on Friday last and brought to jail for breaking into one of the cottages at Cresson and stealing some carpet and lace curtains, which he shipped to Johnstown and was trying to dispose of at the latter place. As Constable Criste, of Washington township, was bringing him to jail in a sled from Cresson on Friday evening, when near town Stough suddenly threw himself backward out of the sled and started to run but slipped on the ice and fell, and was recaptured, but not until he had fired one shot at the officer who had failed to relieve him of his revolver when he arrested him.

—On Wednesday of last week, the steam radiator in the office of the County Superintendent in the Court house bursted, and several hundred volumes of school reports and laws were damaged by the moisture from the escaped steam. The annual supplies were only lately received from the school department and but few copies had been distributed. Superintendent Strayer has requested the department of Public Instruction at Harrisburg to furnish additional supplies, that all who are entitled to receive reports, laws, etc., may be supplied.

—Grazier, the tailor, hatter and clothier, will be at the Cambria House, Ebensburg, February 23, 24 and 25, with a full line of piece goods, samples to make suits to order, and at prices never before heard of. He will take orders to deliver any time within sixty days. Any parties desiring a suit of ready-made clothing or any part of a suit for men, youths, boys or children, hats, neckwear, shirts, collars, or anything in his line, can get the same by writing to him at Scottdale, before the above date, specifying size, quality, color and wear, the price wanted, and if prices or any other objection are then in the way, they need not take them.

—About one o'clock on Sunday morning a freight train bound east, stopped at South Fork to receive coal. The train was being helped by engine No. 550 and when stopped a flagman was sent back to flag a freight train following, but for some reason not known the following train did not stop but ran into engine No. 550, forcing it through the caboose car in which three drovers were riding, killing two of them, Joseph Erb and William Keeler, and badly injuring E. Sharp. The two men killed were from Illinois and leave families. William Adams, engineer, and Thomas Clifford, fireman, of engine No. 550, escaped by jumping off. An investigation will be made for the purpose of fixing the responsibility for the accident.

—Mr. Jacob Glass, an old and respected citizen of Munster township, was found dead in his barn on Tuesday morning. Mr. Glass had gone out to the barn on that morning to feed his stock as customary, and remaining out longer than usual some of his family went out to see what was keeping him, when they found him lying on the barn-floor dead. His death is supposed to have resulted from heart disease. Mr. Glass was about seventy-five years of age and had been a resident of that neighborhood all his life, his father having been one of the original settlers. He was a brother of the late Edward Glass, deceased, of this place; of Mrs. M. D. Magehan, of Johnstown, and Mrs. Susan Gallagher, of Allegheny township, Mrs. Sallie McGuire of Loretto, and Wm. Glass of Munster township. He leaves a widow and several children, all of whom are grown up and some of them married, Mrs. Wm. A. Todd, of Scottdale, Mrs. P. A. Burns, of Gallitzin and Mrs. Robert Brady, of Munster township, being daughters of Mr. Glass.

THE DEATH PENALTY.

On Thursday of last week Dr. L. U. Beach, of Altoona, was legally strangled in the yard of the Hollidaysburg jail for the murder of his wife in Altoona, on the 7th of April last. On Wednesday evening Beach ate his supper with apparent relish and passed the evening until 12 o'clock in religious exercises, when he retired to bed and slept soundly until six o'clock when he got up and ate a hearty breakfast. His spiritual adviser, Rev. E. B. Killinger, of Hollidaysburg, arrived in a short time and after conversing with him, Beach remarked: "You have been an angel of light to me.—Had it not been for you I could and would have taken my life long ago. This paper contains enough poison to have produced my death in three hours." Beach then handed Mr. Killinger a paper containing twenty morphine pills that he had successfully secreted and kept about him, having kept them in the hem of his shirt. Up until 12 o'clock his time was occupied in religious preparation for his last end, being constantly attended by his spiritual advisers and preserving a calm demeanor. He drank a cup of coffee at noon but refused any thing more. At 1.22 on being told that the time had come he remarked: "I'm ready." He was then marched to the scaffold which he mounted without assistance and with apparent calmness, when Rev. Killinger read the following:

BEACH'S LAST STATEMENT.

This is my last statement before God and man concerning the crime for which I am at this moment to suffer the stern edict of the law. I solemnly affirm before my God and Maker, into Whose presence I am now about to enter, that I was irresponsible at the time for the death of her for whose life I am now to atone. I solemnly declare that I did not premeditate her death or had I the faintest idea of taking her life. There was no difficulty at the time between us, to cause the commission of the deed. Our relations to each other at the time of retiring were of the most amicable nature. As I look back to that night the deed seems like a dream to me. I must certainly have been in an irresponsible state, or in an unconscious condition of mind, resulting from the influence of medicine taken that night, or from a delusion of some kind which involuntarily controlled me. Not a single act of the whole tragedy is clear or distinct to my mental vision. All the circumstances indicate that I must have taken her life, for there was no one else there to do it, but I do emphatically deny taking her life wilfully or consciously. I had been in a somewhat excited state of mind for some weeks previous, owing to my anxiety concerning my spiritual condition and a determined disposition to live in the future a strictly religious life. As to my preparations for and a hope of heaven I will refer you for information to my spiritual advisers. It seems hard for one in the prime of life to be the victim of such unfortunate circumstances and to be thus called away. But I am perfectly submissive to God, and resigned to my fate. I harbor no feeling of animosity against any living man or woman. I forgive all as I know I am forgiven by my Father in Heaven, through the merits of His Son, my Savior. I had hoped that the law would see the true condition of my case at the time and that I would still be spared to do still more to alleviate the sufferings of my fellow men, but the decree has gone forth and I submit. I return my sincere thanks to my legal council, to my spiritual adviser, to the warden and his family, and to all others who have shown me acts of kindness. I hereunto subscribe my name this twelfth day of February, eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

L. U. BEACH.

Beach was then asked if he had anything to say when he replied, "Nothing." His arms and legs were then pinioned, the rope and black cap adjusted, when the sheriff stepped back and touched the spring and Beach's earthly career was at an end, his neck being broken by the fall and in thirteen minutes he was pronounced dead. His body was buried in the almshouse cemetery on the afternoon of the same day. All the details for the execution were well managed and Sheriff Fay was highly credited for the manner in which he performed his unpleasant duty.

ELECTION RETURNS.

The following is the correct list of the number of votes cast and officers elected in Ebensburg and the following townships and boroughs on Tuesday last:

WEST WARD.

Burgess—Joseph Gutwald, D......67
" F. H. Barker, R......60
School Director—Morgan Hughes, D......71
" " T. W. Dick, R......56
" " John A. Kennedy, D......68
" " David D. Pryce, R......61
" " Hosea Evans, R......61
Auditor—M. R. B. Creery, D......65
" W. H. Connell, R......63
Council—A. W. Buck, D......61
" F. C. Lloyd, D......67
" John Owens, R......67
" George H. Roberts, R......61
Assessor—John A. Blair, D......64
" C. T. Roberts, R......62
Assistant Assessor—George Gurley, D......65
" " P. F. Brown, D......66
" " S. J. Humphreys, R......62
" " George Huntley, R......62
Constable—James Myers, D......73
" Luke Weakland, R......52
Judge of Election—M. D. Eberly, D......66
" Samuel Ludwig, R......60
Inspector—W. H. Byrne, D......66
" E. W. Humphreys, R......62

EAST WARD.

Burgess—Joseph Gutwald, D......12
" F. H. Barker, R......75
School Director—T. W. Dick, R......72
" " David D. Pryce, R......71
" " Hosea Evans, R......67
" " John Lloyd, D......16
Auditor—M. R. B. Creery, D......13
" W. H. Connell, R......73
Town Council—Thomas L. Jones......69
Assessor—R. R. Davis......66
Assistant Assessor—Melancthon Evans......66
" " Felix Ludwig......68
Constable—E. D. Evans......65
Judge of Election—William Leighty......65
Inspector—Isaac Davis......53
" Henry Byrne......12
" Lewis Rodgers......14

CAMBRIA TOWNSHIP.

Justice of the Peace—Abel Lloyd......73
" " Owen Rowland......73
School Director—Jonathan Jones......72
" " Thomas D. Lewis......72
Assessor—David Tudor......39
" R. W. Gittings......34
Assistant Assessor—David Owens......71
" " Thomas D. Rees......33
" " Robert R. Jones......39
Constable—John A. Jones......65
" D. H. Jones......6
" Edwin Rees......1
" John E. Jones......1
Auditor—John F. Tibbott, 3 years......73
" R. D. Evans, 2 years......71
Judge of Election—William J. Pryce......72
Inspectors—G. J. Lloyd......44
" George D. Pryce......16
" Thomas Hoover......13
Township Clerk—John L. Evans......73

ALLEGHENY TOWNSHIP.

Justice of the Peace—W. A. B. Little......50
" " John Ausman......29
Constable—George McGuire......69
Supervisors—Henry Glass......32
" Henry Mansfield......40
School Directors—Ed. Farbaugh......33
" " Bert. McConnell......49
Assessor—John McCoy......43
Assistant Assessors—George McGuire......51
" " F. L. Little......50
Judge of Election—R. Denny......66
Inspectors—A. Rudolf......47
" A. J. Bradley......16
Auditor—F. L. Little......55
Township Clerk—W. A. B. Little......55

GALLITZIN TOWNSHIP.

Supervisors, George McGinnis and Joseph Coons; School Directors, James N. McGuire and George Lytle; Constable, Bernard Weis; Auditor, B. J. Delaney; Judge, Henry Bendon; Inspectors, T. H. Myers and E. J. Syberts; Assessor, W. J. Dawson; Justice of the Peace, H. J. Conway; Clerk, B. J. Conway.

BARR TOWNSHIP.

Justice of the Peace, W. Pfister; Constable, S. B. Edmiston; Supervisors, Michael Byrne, Daniel Long; School Directors, H. J. Hoppie, A. S. Elliott; Assessor, S. D. Patterson; Auditor, J. A. Dumm; Inspectors, E. W. Evans, James Kirsch; Judge, F. C. Snyder; Clerk, J. D. Houck.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.

Judge, Joseph Rainey; Inspectors, Chas. Schwaderer, S. A. Myers; Constable, Thos. Brown; Supervisors, George Seabolt, Bernard Burgoon; School Directors, David Brown, Philip Pritch; Assessor, Jas. Noon; Assistant Assessors, William Behe, John Burk; Clerk, J. Burgoon; Auditor, John M'Atamany; Justice, S. A. Myers.

CROYLE TOWNSHIP.

Justice, John T. Long; Constable, A. H. Penrod; Judge, D. G. Seaman; Inspector, James McClarren; Supervisors, Jos. Weiss, Michael Gates, School Directors, Thomas Plummer, William McClarren; Assessor, H. J. Rorabaugh; Assistant Assessors, John Dunmire, Jacob Custer; Auditor, S. W. Myers; Clerk, William H. Croyle; School Directors, J. C. Luke, J. C. Stineman, J. P. Wilson.

JACKSON TOWNSHIP.

Supervisors, C. Aunt, E. Burkhart; Justice, Arthur Devlin; Constable, W. Riblet; School Directors, A. Findley, William Hunt, Noah Dishong; Auditor, D. W. Brallier; Clerk, Henry Ely; Assessor, E. Clinefelter; Assistant Assessors, T. R. Davis, J. Custer; Judge, Elias Munday; Inspectors, R. Gillin, G. Varner.

SUMMERHILL TOWNSHIP.

Supervisors, John Reohm, Owen Jones; Constable, J. T. Straver; Judge, J. H. Dimond; Inspectors, Bernard Conley, W. K. Burtnett; Assessor, John Bright; Assistant Assessors, Michael Braniff, Samuel Hess; School Directors, Bernard Conley, Joseph Emigh; Auditor, Peter Burtnett; Clerk, Philip Sherbine.

CARROLL TOWNSHIP.

Constable, Agustine Yost; Supervisors, Augustine Strittmatter, Charles Yeagley; Assessor, John Snyder; Assistant Assessors, Andrew Strittmatter, Charles Feightner; Auditor, James F. Miller; Inspectors, Jno. Flick, Albert Boslet; School Directors, Jos. Bearer, Charles Anna; Judge, Robert Yinger; Clerk, George Misel.

BLACKLICK TOWNSHIP.

Justice, Elias Rowland; Constable, T. M. Reese; Assessor, ——; Assistant Assessors, I. N. Wissinger, S. A. Adams; Supervisors, W. Rhodes, Peter Wagner; School Directors, Samuel George, James White; Auditor, W. S. Reed; Judge, James White; Inspectors, J. E. Rowland & C. Mardis; Clerk, G. A. Michaels.

CHEST SPRINGS BOROUGH.

Justice, Wm. Perry; Constable, Alexius Wills; Burgess, Charles D. Wharton; Council, Jonathan Douglass, Wm. Little, Scott Byrne; School Directors, Charles Perry, Perry McDonald; Judge, John R. Litzinger; Inspector, Thomas Callahan; Assessor, D. C. Little; Assistant Assessors, Perry McDonald, Jonathan Douglass; Auditors, M. L. Leary, John Rhody.

GALLITZIN BOROUGH.

Burgess, Michael Fitzharris; Council, Hugh Devlin, Bernard Hagan; School Directors, Joseph Bengele, Michael Brennan; Constable, George Gutwald; Judge, A. F. Troxell; Inspectors, Frank Gillon, Thomas O'Malley; Assessor, F. J. Parrish; Assistant Assessors, John Galligan, Thos. Egan; Auditor, Thomas F. Burns; Justice, M. F. Kelly.

LILLY'S BOROUGH.

Burgess, John R. Kelly; Council, Thos. Lahey, E. Lahey; Judge, C. Robine; Inspectors, James H. Moyers, C. A. George; School Directors, John Lahey, Edward Edwards; Auditor, Edward Hughes; Assessor, John Conrad; Assistant Assessors, Fred. Veigh, J. M. Patterson; Constable, Martin Leap.

CARROLLTOWN BOROUGH.

Burgess, T. S. Williams; Council, Benjamin Wertner, John W. Sharbaugh; Constable, B. A. Delozier; Assessor, Benjamin Wertner; Assistant Assessors, Peter Helbeer, J. W. Sharbaugh; School Directors, Wm. A. Noel, Henry Blum; Judge, C. A. Langbein; Inspectors, Valentine Thomas, Joseph Behe; Auditors, John Stolz, Joseph Farabaugh.

TUNNELHILL BOROUGH.

Burgess, Leonard Huey; Justice, J. W. Shiffler; Council, Thomas Rochford, Chas. Sherden, P. S. Leonard; School Directors, Thomas Rochford, John Burns; Constable, Michael Sick; Assessor, John Porter; Assistant Assessors, Francis Kinney, Patrick Brady; Judge, J. J. Kinney; Inspectors, Thomas Rochford and Michael McMorris; Auditor, G. W. Shiffler.

WILMORE BOROUGH.

Burgess, Robert Kerby; Justice, Joseph Miller; Constable, G. W. Pringle; Judge, W. C. Berry; Inspectors, J. W. Holder, W. S. Plottner; Council, H. C. Roberts; Assessor, P. F. Kerby; Assistant Assessors Joseph Woleslagle, John L. Hess; School Directors, P. F. Kirby, G. G. Rohaugh; Auditors, George D. Pringle, W. J. George.

LORETTO BOROUGH.

Burgess, P. B. Lacy; Council, John Wills, J. E. Shields; Auditors, M. F. McDonald, M. C. Schwab; Constable, E. Litzinger; Judge, Thomas Callan; Inspectors, W. C. Schwab, Thomas Bradley; Justice, B. W. Litzinger; School Directors, W. G. Comerford, Francis O'Friel; Assessor, C. F. O'Donnell; Assistant Assessors, Felix Beck, Thomas Callan.

DEAN TOWNSHIP.

Justice, W. G. Krise; Constable, Joseph J. Trexler; Supervisors, John J. Trexler, John Sheets; School Directors, John J. Trexler, John H. Dougherty; Auditor, John H. Dougherty, E. Enes (a tie vote); Assessor, A. G. Krise; Assistant Assessor, Frank Kopp, H. M. Domer; Judge, William Hildebrand; Inspectors, David Brown, John Cauley; Clerk, W. G. Krise.

MUNSTER TOWNSHIP.

Judge, James Noon; Inspectors, Charles Noel, John Smith; Supervisors, James Ternan, John Beiter; School Directors, F. C. O'Harra, Thomas Sargent; Assessor, John Daily; Assistant Assessors, Philip Noel, Patrick Cassidy; Auditor, Daniel M. Farren; Justice, P. B. Smith; Constable, John O'Harra; Clerk, Wm. Cassidy.

EDUCATIONAL.

The following is an abstract of an essay read before the teachers' institute in Allegheny township, on Saturday, Feb. 7th by Harold G. Kaylor, a teacher in said township:

FELLOW TEACHERS: We meet to exchange our views as to the best methods of teaching. Our work is of such a nature that we should give it our earnest thoughts and undivided attention. We should have a due appreciation of the nature of teaching to make our work successful. Our disconnected efforts we should reduce to a system, and should be willing learners as to the *how* this can best be done. It would be "building castles" to imagine our work in a perfect condition; but by comparison of ideas and consulting men of education, we may come nearer the truth than if left to ourselves.—The most successful or important element in teaching is energy. This, with originality and scholarship, cannot fail to make teaching effective. It was the energy of a Fulton and a Morse that gave success to enterprises in their day. Originality is an element of success with the true teacher; it gives variety and interest to all school room work.—Shall we follow the dictates of custom, or follow what the light of reason teaches us? The successful teacher is not always the popular teacher. The teacher who requires pupils to *master* their subjects—in short, to *think* and *work* to know the *how* and the *why*—may not always be popular, but will, in the end, be successful. Teachers, should we not rather aim to give instruction than get through text books? The pupils in our schools may be pleased with a teacher who allows freedom in study, in recitation, in conduct, but in the end there will be bitter disappointment. The true teacher will never be discouraged, but will continue his work with renewed energy, and expect it to be appreciated by honest patrons and school officers. "God helps them who help themselves," is the old adage, and this is applicable to teachers as well as pupils.

To make our teaching more successful it must be made more practical. In all branches, without naming them here, we should teach to give knowledge. Let us stop here and consider well this point. Interest pupils and at all times work for their highest good. When we have done this, we have done our duty.

SPECIAL COURT.—On Monday last a special court convened for the purpose of trying cases in which Judge Johnston had been concerned before his election to the bench. Judge William J. Bair, of Somerset county, is presiding, with Associate Judges Flanagan and Masters on the bench. Five of the seven cases on the list were continued on Monday leaving but two cases for trial, the first case on the following list will probably take several days to try:

Use of Porter Kinports vs. John Hipps & U. Lloyd. Scire Facias. Sechler and Kittell for plaintiff; Easly and Linton for defendants. On trial.

Hipps & Lloyd vs. John Lantzy et al. Continued.

Charles Ranstead vs. Henry Garman and John Garman. Continued.

Charles Ranstead vs. Henry Garman et al. Continued.

Nicholas Behe et al. vs. Joseph Behe et al. Continued.

Garret Risban vs. Joseph Behe et al. Continued.

F. D. Sapp vs. Francis Itel. No. 262 September term, 1883. Appeal. Non assumpsit, payment, &c. John E. Scanlan for plaintiff; Shoemaker for defendant.—On Wednesday jury called and after proceeding with the evidence plaintiff becomes non suit.

WHEN a new drama has proved successful it is customary for the audience to call the author before the curtain. They have a curiosity to see what sort of man it is that created the play that has amused and instructed them. There is something very much like this in regard to our great newspapers; their editorial utterances are all anonymous, but there is generally a tradition of some half-shadowy personage who has established the journal, given it its character, and constantly directs it; and the public like to have him come before the curtain now and then, to address them in his own person. This Murat Halstead has done in the March number of the *North American Review*, to which he contributes an article on "The Revival of Sectionalism." In the same number Archdeacon Farrar presents his views on "Future Retribution," and Prof. N. K. Davis discusses "The Moral Aspects of Vivisection" in a way that brings together briefly nearly everything that any person of note has said on the subject. Max Muller describes the astonishing ideas of the Budhists on the subject of Charity, and George John Romanes opens up a great subject with an article on "Mind in Men and Animals." The other articles are one by President Gilman on Titles (chiefly scholastic), one by Judge John A. Jameson on "Speculation in Politics," and one by John W. Johnson on "Railway Landgrants."

SOOTHING SYRUP.—The yearning affection of the Republicans in this place for each other may sometimes be obscured as was the case last spring, when some of them thought that Mr. Barker had been tried and found wanting as burgess about often enough and voted for Mr. Gutwald, which resulted in Mr. Barker's defeat. But although last Tuesday's election found Mr. Barker still *wanting*, and the kickers as anxious to kick if they dared, Mr. Barker was able to be out and have an eye on the parties who so unmercifully kicked him last spring—and the kickers didn't kick. The prodigals concluded it would be a good time to return, Mr. Barker was elected by the usual Republican vote, and although he may not feel as kindly to the returning kickers as surface indications seem to show, still he will have no hesitation in setting up the veil.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.—On Monday evening last the following named gentlemen were elected officers of the Dauntless Fire Company: President, W. M. Brown; Vice President, M. D. Kittell; Treasurer, M. R. B. Creery; Secretary, Melancthon Evans; Librarian, J. S. Bolsinger; Assistant Librarian, Melancthon Evans; Chief Director, S. W. Davis; Assistant Chief Director, J. L. Stough; Captain of Engine, E. C. Parrish; Chief of Hook and Ladder, Otis Lloyd; Assistant, George Davis; Chief of Hose, J. S. Bolsinger; First Assistant, M. D. Kittell; Second Assistant, Melancthon Evans; Trustees, M. R. B. Creery, M. D. Kittell, W. M. Brown.

HYMENEAL.

HUGHES—ROBERTS.—Married in Pittsburgh, on Wednesday, February 11, 1885, by Rev. Dr. Thomas, Mr. Thos. J. Hughes and Miss Mary E. Roberts. Both parties are well and favorably known in this section, having formerly resided in Cambria township, this county, where they are at present visiting the groom's father, Mr. John T. Hughes.

OBITUARY.

WAGNER.—Died, at Coalport, on Thursday, February 12, 1885, Mr. John Wagner, aged about 57 years.

The deceased was well known throughout the northern portion of the county, having been engaged in lumbering for several years. He had been engaged in manufacturing shingles at Chest Springs a number of years ago and latterly had operated a steam saw mill in Allegheny township which he removed about a year ago to Coalport, Clearfield county, and some time ago again moved it up the Clearfield creek to near where the old Frugality mill stood, in Reade township, this county. He was an energetic and pushing business man, and while his health remained was untiring in his business enterprises. Peace to his ashes.

ELDER.—Died, at her residence in Carrolltown, on Thursday, February 12, 1885, Mrs. Mary Elder, widow of John Elder, deceased, aged about 86 years.

SCHENK.—Died, at his residence in Allegheny township, on Wednesday, February 11, 1885, Mr. John Schenk, aged about 40 years.

McKENZIE.—Died, at the residence of her husband in Clearfield township, on Tuesday, February 10, 1885, Mrs. Mary McKenzie, aged about 63 years.

Deceased, whose maiden name was Earhart, was a native of Luttringuer, Germany, came to this country in 1829, lived for a time in Blair county, after which she removed to Allegheny township, this county, which was then an almost unbroken forest. She was a devoted member of the Catholic Church and a fond and loving mother, and her family have the sympathy of their many friends in their affliction. She leaves a husband and four children to mourn her loss. Her remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery at St. Augustine, on Thursday morning. May her soul rest in peace.

A.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

—OF—

CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,

—FROM—

The 7th Day of January, 1884, to the 5th Day of January, 1885.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, TREASURER, DR.

To am't in hands of Treasurer at last settlement	$ 7,467 81
To am't received from miscellaneous sources	3,481 89
To am't received from redemption of lands	1,299 62
To am't received from constables for 1883 and previous	2,568 02
To am't received from seated and unseated lands	17,028 24
To am't of duplicate for 1884	70,276 26
	$102,121 84

CR.

By amount paid—	
Auditors (County)	$ 252 00
Auditors (State)	45 00
Assessors	692 78
Bonds redeemed	20,000 00
Building bridges	849 00
Bridge and road views	626 39
Boarding jurors	80 50
Boarding prisoners	1,742 65
Borough tax	3 51
Commissioners	1,200 00
Commissioners' clerk	600 00
Commissioners' counsel	200 00
Counsel fees (St. Francis' College)	330 00
Court crier and tipstaves	467 50
Constables	1,582 67
Criminal prosecutions	4,052 37
Court House	1,949 84
District Attorney	562 00
Elections	2,563 33
Fox and wild cat scalps	340 00
Inquisitions	71 97
Insurance	375 00
Interest on bonds	1,960 00
Jurors (Grand)	877 74
Jurors (Traverse)	4,337 83
Janitor	400 00
Jail and Jailor	2,525 42
Jury Commissioners and Clerk	422 88
Miscellaneous	99 72
Old orders	102 86
Probates	36 75
Postage	10 44
Prothonotary	1,179 55
Printing	863 37
Poor House Directors	325 00
Poor and House of Employment	14,266 27
Registry	527 50
Records	188 44
Redemption of lands	550 34
Reform school	257 65
Refunding	369 97
Road damage	465 00
Road fund	2,517 87
School fund	2,764 25
State tax	199 00
Stenographer	525 10
Sheriff	751 81
Teachers' Institute	200 00
Talesmen	80 00
Western Penitentiary	1,277 06
Western Penn'a Hospital	2,438 08
Thirty nine deeds to county	102 18
Advertising lands	6 00
Remaining in constables' hands	3,237 42
Exonerations to constables	2,581 35
Exonerations on duplicate	79 47
Abatement to Taxpayers	2,480 61
Treasurer's com. on 64,465 45 @ 5 per ct	3,223 27
Treasurer's com. on 14,343 84 @ 2½ per ct	358 60
Balance in hands of Treasurer	11,243 67
	$102,121 84

AMOUNTS DUE FROM CONSTABLES FOR 1884 and previous years.

1882—	Jonas Fouch, Adams twp	$ 15 57
	Archie Farrell, Barr twp	134 83
	John Ellsworth, Cambria bor., 2d w.	71
	Henry Stemmer, Johnstown, 7th w.	48 26
	James Miller, Lower Yoder twp	5 39
1883—	Archie Farrell, Barr twp	187 76
	Rich'd E. Thomas, Blacklick twp	15 58
	Benj. T. Pugh, Cambria twp	44 18
	Jos. J. Trexler, Dean twp	23 38
	E. B. McCartney, E. Conem'gh bor.	95 57
	D. C. Burke, Gallitzin twp	31 34
	Alex. J. Berkey, Grubbtown bor.	14 28
	Howard Davis, Jackson twp	29 44
	Henry Stemmer Johnstown, 5th w.	77 53
	P. R. Miller, Johnstown, 6th w.	40 12
	M. J. Noel, White twp	142 69
	Geo. D. Pringle, Wilmore bor.	35 14
	John Ream, Upper Yoder twp	92 50
	Ed. C. Bingle, Lower Yoder twp	10 37
1884—	Geo. E. Krug, Barr twp	23 27
	Thos. M. Reese, Blacklick twp	5 09
	David H. Jones, Cambria twp	107 00
	Jas. M. Kelly, Cambria bor., 1st w.	155 20
	Aug. Hamar, Cambria bor., 2d w.	23 69
	Aug. Yost, Sr., Carroll twp	232 18
	M. Zollner, Carrolltown bor.	25 22
	Anthony Gill, Chest twp	21 37
	Geo. Solsby, Clearfield twp	249 60
	James Kinney, Conemaugh bor.	38 91
	Jos. J. Trexler, Dean twp	2 80
	James Myers, Ebensburg bor., w. w. (since paid in part)	39 89
	Anselm Weakland, Elder twp	64 30
	R. J. Kirtley, E. Conemaugh bor.	58 60
	B. Weis, Gallitzin township	57 99
	A. J. Berkey, Grubbtown bor.	47 33
	Hiram Swank, Johnstown, 6th w.	19 52
	John McCabe, Lilly's bor.	20 78
	J. A. Troxell, Portage twp	197 28
	E. J. Blough, Richland twp	8 50
	J. N. Strayer, Summerhill twp	167 57
	W. A. Rager, Susquehanna twp	319 76
	J. Hummel, Stonycreek twp	121 85
	James Devlin, Taylor twp	477 62
	Jas. D. Criste, Washington twp	21 21
	M. J. Noel, White twp	245 81
	Geo. W. Pringle, Wilmore bor.	31 11
	Geo. Gillinger, Woodvale bor.	32 92
	John Ream Upper Yoder twp	136 89
	Scott McFeaters, Lower Yoder twp	284 34
		$ 4,280 77

AMOUNT DUE CAMARIA COUNTY ON Judgments.

John T. Cooney	275 38
Isaac Wike	32 44
Benjamin Figart	178 07
John W. Gray, et al	573 45
John W. Gray, et al	750 57
James Fleck	56 72
S. A. R. Fitch, et al	10 08
W. W. Sherman, et al	61 51
John E. McKenzie	194 64
Barbara Rabb	88 05
	$ 2,225 91

AMOUNT DUE DISTRICTS FROM COMmissioners' sales and redemption of lands.

DISTRICTS	ROAD.	SCHOOL.
Adams township	$ 61.49	$ 62.69
Barr township	18	38
Blacklick township	4 78	11 76
Cambria township	4 56	80
Chest township	68 68	44 64
Clearfield township	70 66	82 32
Conemaugh twp	9 49	7 69
Elder township	67 89	38 95
Jackson township	6 54	16 35
Susquehanna twp	147 31	296 58
Summerhill twp	1 05	1 65
Washington twp	17 00	17 60
White township	11 49	8 49
Upper Yoder twp	4 53	4 13
Lower Yoder twp	4 53	4 13
	$480 18	$597 56

AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM SEATED AND Unseated Lands.

DISTRICTS.	ROAD.	SCHOOL
Adams township	$ 216.76	$ 244.65
Allegheny twp		2.60
Barr township	36 75	39 60
Blacklick twp	177.72	166.74
Cambria twp	46 80	79 29
Carroll township	8 12	7 87
Chest township	424 65	608 46
Chest Springs bor.		2 40
Clearfield twp	132 20	168 89
Conemaugh twp	101 15	101 15
Croyle township	83 96	141 59
Dean township	329 82	467 49
Elder township	60 46	60 46
Ebensburg bor.	7 43	11 04
Gallitzin bor.	1 60	2 98
Gallitzin twp.	182 91	147 16
Jackson twp	390 80	490 04
Johnstown bor.	5 21	
Lower Yoder twp	127 73	121 73
Munster twp	13 94	17 05
Portage township	276 20	431 69
Reade township	644 53	1,342 12
Stonycreek twp	3 00	3 00
Summerhill twp	231 59	227 52
Susquehanna twp	83 90	116 62
Taylor township	115 22	120 97
Tunnelhill bor.	10	22
Upper Yoder twp	66 83	100 26
Washington twp	1 8 53	175 12
White township	522 88	585 45
Wilmore borough		1 95
	$4,350 69	$6,096 01

ASSETS.

Due from Judgments	$ 2,225 91
Due from Constables	4,280 77
Due from D. A. Luther, Sh'ff, (since pd.)	681 50
Due from Western Penn'a Hospital	1,139 11
Balance in Treasurer's hands	11,243 67
To balance	24,387 13
	$43,958 09

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding County Orders	$ 649 58
Outstanding Bonds	30,000 00
Due Districts on Road and School	5,074 61
Due Districts from Commissioners' sales and Redemption of Lands	1,077 74
Due Individuals from Redemption of Lands	99 97
Due Poor and House of Employment	7,056 19
	$43,958 09

GIVEN under our hands, at the Commissioners' Office, in Ebensburg, this 29th day of January, A. D. 1885.

JAMES CUSTLOW,
JOHN KIRBY,
D. HAMILTON,
} Commissioners.

WE, the undersigned Auditors of Cambria County, respectfully report that we have carefully examined the vouchers and accounts of the Receipts and Expenditures of said County from the 7th day of January, 1884, to the 5th day of January, 1885, and find them as stated; also the foregoing statement of Assets and Liabilities of said County.

Given under our hands at the Commissioners' Office, in Ebensburg, this 29th day of January, A. D. 1885.

H. A. ENGLEHART,
C. B. COVER,
PATRICK O'DOWD,
} Auditors.

NOTICE.—To the heirs and legal representatives of Bridget Storm, deceased. Take notice, that an inquest will be held at the late residence of Bridget Storm, deceased, in the borough of Summitville, now Washington township, in the county of Cambria, on *Saturday, 28th day of February* at **9 o'clock** in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of the deceased to and among her heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole; otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you are required to attend if you think proper.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 6, 1885.-td.

Receipts and Expenditures

—OF—

POOR AND HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT

—OF—

CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,

From January 7th, 1884, to the 5th day of January, 1885.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, ESQ., Treasurer. DR.

To amount of requisition for 1884	$ 17,000 00
To balance due Poor & House of Employment	4,035 70
To cash by I. Lilly, steward	121 76
To cash by Geo. W. Easly	165 00
	$ 21,322 46

JOHN A. KENNEDY, ESQ., Treasurer. CR.

By amount paid—	
Allegheny and other counties	$ 171 92
Attorney fees	55 00
Boarding and nursing O. D. P	51 00
Clothing, dry goods, boots and shoes	296 67
Coal and wood	248 18
Coffins for house	53 75
Coffins and funeral expenses O. D. P	249 95
Constables and Justices fees	236 65
Drugs and medicines	65 10
Expenses and allowances O. D. P	4,426 03
Freight	71 07
Farmer and House servant	522 50
Flour and feed	600 24
Fertilizer	181 74
Grain drill	85 00
Groceries	788 82
Hardware	113 66
Insurance	93 08
Livery hire	63 50
Live stock	292 00
Meat	617 04
Merchandise	248 53
Physician at House	306 40
Physician to O. D. P	423 41
Pump	17 70
Repairs	175 08
Salary—Steward	500 00
Salary—Matron	137 50
Sleigh	52 50
Tobacco	155 43
Threshing	16 00
Transportation	172 36
Vegetables	39 95
Western Pennsylvania Hospital	2,897 91
Bal. due Poor and House of Employment	7,056 19
	$21,322 46

AMOUNTS DUE POOR AND HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT:

By Jacob Thomas and wife	$ 376 19
By Andrew Burgoon, est.	55 70
By Cambria Guard Hall Association	26 00
By William Pryce	2 00
By David R. Jones	2 00
By John Baker	48 70
By Western Pennsylvania Hospital (overpaid)	1,362 79
	$ 1,873 38

Given under our hands, at the Commissioners' Office, in Ebensburg, this 29th day of January, A. D. 1885.

H. A. ENGLEHART,
C. B. COVER,
PATRICK O'DOWD,
} Auditors.

REPORT OF I. LILLY, ESQ., STEWARD of Poor and House of Employment of Cambria County, Penna:

Stock on Farm.

Three horses, nine cows, one bull, five head young cattle, three beeves, nine shoats, ninety chickens, twenty-three turkeys.

Farm Products.

34 tons hay, 660 bushels oats, 450 bushels corn (ears), 900 bushels potatoes, 53 bushels buckwheat, 23½ bushels beans, 30 bushels turnips, 17 bushels onions, 1,400 heads cabbage, tomatoes, beets and other garden truck in quantity, 250 dozen eggs. Butchered eight hogs, realizing 2,179 lbs., butchered ten calves, realizing 892 lbs., butchered two cows, realizing 933 lbs.

Articles Manufactured in House.

22 bbls. soft soap, 900 lbs. hard soap, 800 lbs. butter, 2 sets harness, (double), 54 men's shirts, 23 chemises, 25 dresses, 20 sheets, 42 pillow slips, 19 bed ticks, 14 pillow ticks, 21 aprons, 11 skirts, 36 baps, 25 pair woolen socks, 13 pair woolen stockings, 12 pair mittens, 16 roller towels.

Farm Implements.

Same as reported last year with the addition of a grain drill.

Inmates.

In house January 1st, 1884	66
Admitted during the year	62
Born in house during year	1—129
Died	10
Discharged, ran off, etc	50
In house January 1st, 1885	69—129

Of inmates remaining in the house there are: 33 sane males; 23 sane females; 8 insane females; 2 insane males; 3 blind males; 1 blind female; 1 colored female; 5 females and 1 male paralytics, unable to walk, and 1 dumb male.

Monthly average of inmates during year. 72

There are eighteen insane at Western Pennsylvania Hospital, of whom eleven are males and seven females.

Gave Birth During Year.

Annie Risel, of East Conemaugh, to female infant, March 8th, 1884

Inmates Who Died During Year.

Mary Mickel,	Daniel Miller,
Ed McAtamany,	Andrew Burgoon,
Rebecca Flowers,	John Liver,
Sarah Lewis,	Joseph Hads,
Fritz Brown,	John Firth.

Names of Inmates at Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

August Dahudal,	James McFal,
Joseph Eberly,	Isaac Jeffries,
Oscar Glessen,	Mary McBride,
Christ Klinemyer,	Theresa Richards,
Adam K. Noon,	Sarah Gardner,
Leo Wills,	Mary Gallagher,
Alex Donaldson,	Ann Moreland,
Herman Garlich,	Ann McDermott,
Amandus Thomas,	Eliza Thomas.

Ebensburg, Pa., Feb. 5, 1885.

TRIAL LIST.—Cases set down for trial in the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county on the Second week of March Term of Court, commencing Monday, March 9, 1885:

Hoover	vs	Elder township
Endler et al	vs	Miller
Arble	vs	Clark
Elliott	vs	Swires
Mogle	vs	Stewart et al
Haughey	vs	Borough of Cambria
O'Neill	vs	Kittanning Ins Co
Hopples Executors	vs	John Hogue, Ex'r
Becker	vs	Cambria Iron Co
Hurd & McKee	vs	Nagle
Lytle	vs	McGlade et al
Myers Executors	vs	Martin
Strayer	vs	Morgan
Ross	vs	Pringle
Gil & Rhody	vs	Warner
Skelly	vs	Skelly
Milligan	vs	Fisher et al
Hopfer	vs	Wilhelm

H. A. SHOEMAKER, Proth'y.

Proth'y's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 2, 1885.

L. F. DARNELL,
FLORIST,
Johnstown, Penn'a,
Makes a *Specialty* of
FINE FLORAL WORK
—FOR—
BALLS, PARTIES, WEDDINGS,
FUNERALS, ETC., ETC.

Flowers packed and sent safely any distance by Express. [feb20-2m.]

LORETTO HOUSE,
(Formerly known as the Myers House)
LORETTO, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.
JOSEPH F. DURBIN, Proprietor.

Sample Room for Salesmen and good stabling for horses. TERMS MODERATE.
Feb. 20.-3m.

TAKE NOTICE.

About the 1st of March next, I will engage in the business of blacksmithing in Belsano. All persons indebted to me, or the firm of Custer & Sensabaugh, are requested to settle their accounts before March 1st. After that date, all accounts not settled will be put in the hands of an officer for collection.

EMANUEL CUSTER.

The shop near the P. R. R. depot, this place, has been transferred to Mr. Jonathan Custer, who will in the future have the management of that shop. He is a practical blacksmith, has had an experience in the business for thirty years, and by doing good work at reasonable prices, he trusts to receive his share of public patronage.

Ebensburg, February 13, 1885. 2t.

MEN and WOMEN AGENTS WANTED

To sell choice Nursery Stock. The finest new Grapes, Roses, Vines and Trees. No inferior stock sold. Applicants must give first-class references as to character. Good Salary and Expenses Paid. OUTFIT FREE. *No experience needed.*
JAMES E. WHITNEY, (NURSERYMAN,) Rochester, N. Y.
Name this paper.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of ANDREW BURGOON, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mr. Andrew Burgoon, deceased, late of White township, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same, must present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN H. DOUGLASS, Administrator.

White twp., Feb. 13, '85.-6t.

DO YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY?
—IF SO,—
WE WILL TELL YOU HOW.

Read This Advertisement,
AND PROFIT BY IT.

WE have a stock of OVERCOATS for MEN and BOYS, as well as a good line of suits that we want to sell, and make this propopsition:
We will allow you a discount of
25 PER CENT.,
From our regular prices, (which are as low as any one now) on all our coats or suits of clothes you buy from now to the
1st of APRIL, 1885.

On Ladies' Coats and dolmans we will allow half price
50 PER CENT.

On Ladies' Heavy Shawls,
25 PER CENT.

We have many other bargains to offer you, but have no room to name them now.
Call in and see our stock.

V. S. BARKER & BRO.

Ebensburg, February 13, 1885.

HARDWARE! TINWARE! STOVES!
$10,000 in Goods to be Sold at Reduced Rates.

HAVING purchased for cash, we sell for cash 15 per cent. lower than elsewhere. Our fine stock of

RANGES, COOK AND PARLOR STOVES,
Are unexcelled in QUALITY AND LOW FIGURES. An IMMENSE LINE OF
Hardware, Tin Copper, Sheet iron and Silverware, Horse and Stable Furnishings,
And FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

Read our astonishingly low price list:

17 qt. dish pan, pressed	$ .50	4 tin nest pails, with dipper	$ .75
14 qt. dish pan, pressed	45	3 pressed tin basins, nested	25
12 qt. dish pan, pressed	40	2 pudding pans	15
11 qt. dish pan, pressed	30	1 doz. tin cups	35
14 qt. bucket,	35	1 large wash boiler, No. 8	95
10 qt. bucket	25	2 good corn brooms	25
1 two hoop bucket, wooden	15	3 coal buckets	1.00
1 three hoop bucket, wooden	20	Coal oil, per gal	10
4 qt. coffee pot	25	Clothes pins, per doz	01
3 qt. coffee pot	20	White lead, per cwt	6 50
2 qt. coffee pot	15	Nails, per keg	2.45

Your attention is called to our fine assortment of Wall Paper.—
FULL LINE OF BUILDERS' MATERIAL,
PAINT, VARNISH AND GLASS AT SPECIAL RATES.
ROOFING AND SPOUTING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

All are invited to convince themselves of our SUPERIOR GOODS AND LOW PRICES.

A. C. BUCK & CO.,
Gallitzin, Pa.

SAVE YOUR MONEY
—IN BUYING YOUR—
RANGES, COOKING AND HEATING STOVES,
Cellar Furnaces, Fire-Place Heaters,
Tinware, Copper Ware, Sheetiron Ware,
Lamp Goods of Every Description,
Knives and Forks, Spoons, Soup Ladles,
Granite Ware, Coffee Mills, Plated-ware,
Toilet Sets, Cake Boxes, Bread Closets,
Clothes-wringers, Egg Beaters, Slaw Cutters,
Iron Stands, Fancy Spittoons, Slop Buckets
Hard Coal Parlor Heaters,
Soft Coal Parlor Heaters,
Copper Kettles, Brass Kettles,
Iron Kettles, Steam Cookers,
Rice, Milk and Farina Boilers,
Perfect Waffle Irons, Boilers of all Kinds,
Meat Pounders, Mincing Knives, Saw Knives,
And a Large Stock of KITCHEN ARTICLES, will be sold at Low Prices. Call and Examine the Goods. LOOK FOR MY NAME ON THE WINDOW, AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO FIND THE RIGHT PLACE.

FRANK W. HAY,
No. 280 Washington Street, - - - - - JOHNSTOWN, PA.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of MRS. S. J. LEECH, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mrs. S. J. Leech, deceased, late of Gallitzin borough, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same, must present them properly authenticated for settlement.

FRANCIS N. BURK, Administrator.

Gallitzin, Pa., Jan. 9, '85.-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of MRS. ELIZA PARRISH, dec'd.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mrs. Eliza Parrish, deceased, late of Cambria township, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same, must present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM C. PARRISH, Administrator.

Cambria tp., Jan. 16, '85.-6t.

MILKING COWS.

That cows should be regularly milked is equally as important as that they should be regularly fed, and every farmer knows how much more quiet animals are which become accustomed to regularity in feeding. They learn to expect their food at a certain time and are on the lookout for it at that time and not at any other, and are quiet; while if fed with irregularity they are continually on the lookout and uneasy for want of feed. So with milking; if there is regularity the cow is expecting the time and is quiet.

There is no giving down of milk, as it is termed, before the time, that results in any painful distension of the udder. In the state of nature it is probable that the cow is relieved of her milk a great many times during the day, because the calf left with its mother helps itself as often as its inclination prompts. Under such circumstances the udder of the mother will remain small, because there is no necessity for enlargement to twelve hours' milk. But if milking is to be performed only twice in twenty-four hours, there must be an unnatural enlargement which is liable to produce feverish symptoms, hence it is better not to allow the calf to run with the cow; but to let it have access to her at certain regular times. The udder then become accustomed to the accumulation of milk and attains a natural distension which will occasion no feverishness. But in this practice as soon as the time of milking arrives it should be attended to, because the udder is fully distended and if the milk is not removed the animal will suffer pain, and again will arise a danger of fever.

It is very necessary that the udder be properly attended to after the period of parturition, as then a very slight irritation of the lacteal organs will be most sure to bring on that worst of maladies, fever.

If milking is delayed too long, nature will endeavor to relieve the poor animal, and an absorption of the milk into the blood will to some extent take place, and that which remains will become deteriorated, and if the practice of neglect in milking at regular times occurs with much frequency, the regular secretion of milk will be diminished and finally permanently checked, and if continued for any considerable length of time the animal is liable to become wholly dry, as has sometimes been the case. Thus will be seen the importance of greatest regularity in this important branch of agriculture.

NOSES TO ORDER.—"The nose is cartilage," said a surgeon, "and its shape may be changed with ease. A clever Frenchman some years ago invented a machine for that purpose, and, I have heard, made a fortune by it, so many people are troubled with noses whose shapes do not please the owners or the owners' friends. The machine consisted of a shell in two parts, hinged together. Its shape inside is that of a perfectly molded nose, according to the type of the features of the wearer. So you can obtain a Roman, Grecian, retrousse, aquiline or any other shape you desire.

"To apply the instrumment the nose is first bathed in warm water at bed-time and thoroughly heated and softened. Then it is well greased with olive oil, glycerine, vaseline or other oily substance. Finally, the nose-improver is fixed on and the sides are clasped together, and the wearer keeps it on all-night, taking care in the morning to wash in cold water only. It is rather a painful process at first, but after the first two or three applications there is no more trouble. In about a month the nose begins to take its new shape, and in from eight to ten weeks the alteration is said to be complete and permanent—that is, until the patient becomes tired of that particular shape and is desirous of having another, when the same operation with another instrument is necessitated. I have known people to change their noses four or five times in as many years. In that way a man can change the style of his nose as often as he can the cut of his breeches.

MICHIGAN'S PINES.—In the lumbering industries of the United States there are said to be 90,000 men employed in mills and 135,000 in the forests. The wages of thes men amount to $80,000,000 annually. The capital invested in the industry is placed at $180,000,000, and the value of the annual product is $230,000,000. The farmers of the country receive for supplies furnished to lumbermen $30,000,000 a year. The State of Michigan has invested in mill property and apparatus for lumbering, $40,000,000. She employs 20,000 men in her mills and 30,000 in her forests, paying them annually about $15,000,000. She pays farmers for produce $5,000,000 a year, and she pays mechanics annually about $4,000,000. Her product of pine lumber for several years has been averaging about 5,000,000,000 feet, worth $60,000,000. The State has produced in all 40,000,000,000 feet of pine lumber.

A warm soil is quite as important as fertility in growing a good corn crop. One of the advantages of stable manure and greensward plowed under lies in the fact that their fermentation adds to the warmth of the soil. The same amount of plant food furnished in mineral manures which do not supply heat will not produce an equal effect.

IT is very difficult to keep horses in basement stables without injuring their eyes. This is in part due to poor ventilation, but also to the position of basement windows, which throw a light on a horse's eyes and cause him to be always peering into comparative darkness. A horse thus treated will be very apt to go blind after two or three years.

THE horrible nauseou worm seed vermifuges and worm syrups have had their day. It's downright cruelty to compel a child to take them when McDonald's Celebrated Worm Powders are so easy and pleasant to take that children take them and never know a medicine is being administered.—Can be procured at any drug store for the small sum of 25 cents. For sale by E. James.
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co.,
Philadelphia Agents.

The Great Zingari.

For toothache and neuralgia has no equal. Warranted. Only 15 cents at all drug stores. Johnston, Holloway & Co., Philadelphia Agents.

1885. 1885.

THE WEEKLY POST

Under a Democratic National Administration.

The Will of the People Vindicated and the Great Wrong Righted.

THE PITTSBURG WEEKLY POST

congratulates its Democratic readers on the dawn of a new year, under conditions that have not existed for a quarter of a century—

"Ring out the old, ring in the new,
Ring out the false, ring in the true."

Cleveland and Hendricks have been elected. After the fourth of March there will be a Democratic administration at Washington, with great possibilities for the progress, prosperity and advancement of the country.

As THE POST has labored unceasingly for twenty-five years for these glorious results, so it will extend to the new administration a hearty greeting and a cordial support in the re-establishment of principles and policies vital to the public welfare, by reforming abuses, righting wrongs and asserting the supremacy of the Democratic faith. We are on the threshhold of important events and great changes. To a Democrat who aided in Cleveland's election, the future is full of interest and hope.

THE WEEKLY POST will aim to keep fully abreast of the times in everything relating to the incoming administration. Its policy at home and abroad will be intelligently discussed, generously supported or candidly and kindly criticised. No year in the history of this journal promises to be so replete with matters of interest to Democrats as the one which we are about to enter. The meeting of Congress, the declaration of the Presidential vote, the inauguration, the new Cabinet, the changes in the public service, the *opening up of the books*, all are of great concern. THE WEEKLY POST will furnish the earliest intelligence, with judicious comment from the old Democratic standpoint. Success will not hamper it any more than a quarter of a century of defeat impaired its energies.

The session of the Legislature, with a Reform Governor opposed by a Republican majority, promises to be fruitful of important issues and exciting incident. The coming session of Congress will be even more interesting in its broader field.

In all its varied departments, THE WEEKLY POST will aim at excellence and reliability. Its literary, miscellaneous, news and local departments will be maintained in their utmost efficiency, while its market reports will be prepared with greater care and precision than ever before and made absolutely reliable.

Now the time for Democrats everywhere to take hold, cement and strengthen the party and its chosen representatives, by extending the circulation of Democratic papers. We are no longer on the defensive—we are done with apologizing—the party to-day stands for a majority of the American people, and in a few weeks it will be called on to administer the general Government. Truth is mighty and has prevailed.

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JAS. P. BARR & CO.,
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1885.

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Aims to cover the whole field of progressive journalism. No subject is too great for it to discuss intelligently and without bias, and none so insignificant as to escape its notice. It lays the world tributary to its wants, and everywhere its agents may be found, alert to gather the particulars of all passing events and send them by telegraph up to the last moment of going to press.—It is a brief and abstract chronicle of the time and contains all that is worth knowing in the history of the world for the past twenty-four hours.

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D. M. CHUTE.

Ebensburg, October 24, 1884.

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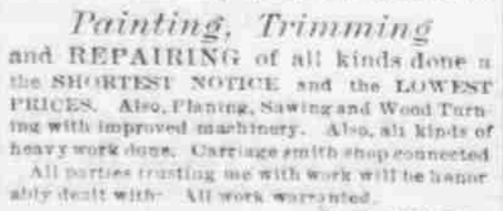

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Two Weekly Newspapers for the Price of One.

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The Harrisburg WEEKLY PATRIOT is a large eight page sheet and contains a greater variety of reading matter than any other paper published. It is newsy, spicy, instructive and entertaining.—The subscription price of the WEEKLY PATRIOT is $1.00 per annum cash in advance.

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FREE 320 acres of Government Land Free under the Homestead and Timber Culture Laws. NOTE —10,818,433 Acres OR MORE THAN HALF of all the Public Lands disposed of in 1883, were in the Northern Pacific country. Books and Maps sent FREE, describing the Northern Pacific Country, the Railroad Lands for Sale and the FREE Government Lands. Address, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Land Com'r, N. P. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

GUNS BIG SALE--$11.25.

The Marshal will now sell the BANKRUPT STOCK of a large Fire-Arms Company. Fine TOP ACTION, PISTOL GRIP, GENUINE ENGLISH TWIST STEEL, hand made, choke bore, BREECH-LOADING SHOT GUNS, Walnut Stock, with all improvements, only $11.25 each. Will kill at 100 yards, and shoot as true as any $40 gun made. Best Brass Shells, 5c. each; Reloading Tools, 75c. per set; Fine Steel Rifles, $5.50 each. One lot of Choice Nickel plated Revolvers at $2.25, $2.50 and $3 each; sent free. All goods warranted new and perfect. Goods returned if not satisfactory. Buy now and save money. Send for price list. Send orders by registered mail or money order to JOHN McDONOUGH, City Marshal, 291 Broadway, New York.

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I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.
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DAKOTA'S DIVERSIFIED INTERESTS.—"Hogs will tend largely to solve the problem of Dakota's prosperity," remarked one of the members of the Cooperstown syndicate in the hearing of a reporter. It costs next to nothing to grow them. I will tell you our own experience. Four years ago in March we shipped out to our farm with a car load of mules, a sow and a litter of pigs, and now we have some three hundred head of hogs, although we have killed enough for our own meat, some 5,000 pounds, last season. How do we feed them? Well, we have given but little attention to them except to feed them the screenings from our wheat and barley in the winter. Yes, of course, we shelter them from the storms and snow as we do all of our stock.

"Now, since we find our experiment with hogs a success, we will pay more attention to the business next season. We will sow some alfalfa grass which we think will in a measure take the place of red clover. Then we shall cultivate rutabagas and perhaps peas for them. Yes, we can raise rye to good advantage, which is recognized as a prime feed for hogs in the stalls. No, there isn't any reason for Dakota farmers buying their hog products. Every farmer can raise enough for home consumption from the refuse about the house and farm, just as he could cattle and chicken product. Where these luxuries are now indulged in they come from wheat production at a comparitively unprofitable price. But little attention has been given to hogs as yet, but it is one of the diversified industries upon which the future of the Territory will depend. We have a farm of 27,000 acres, but shall not rely upon cereal products. Even barley has not been a very profitable crop this season. In fact, of the twenty thousand bushels shipped to market this season, we netted but a little over 30 per cent. Yes, flax is a good profitable crop but it impoverishes the soil."

MR. F. M. AUGUR, of Connecticut, gives the following precautions for preventing yellows on peach trees: Avoid diseased stock, either by seed or bud; seek a location apart from contaminating influences; fertilize with special fertilizers, in which sulphate of ammonia supplies nitrogen, and with high grade muriate of potash, and good superphosphate; apply twenty bushels of lime to the soil in order to neutralize acidity.

THERE never has been offered the people of Cambria county a medicine so deserving of praise and patronage as McDonald's celebrated Worm Powders. They combine the three most desirable points in any remedy viz; Smallness of dose, easiness to take and effectiveness. They are positively the greatest worm destroyer of the age. Many children suffer continually and finally die, their parents never dreaming that their stomachs are infested and eaten through with worms. Twenty-five cents invested in a box of McDonald's celebrated Worm Powders would have saved the little sufferer's life and given back its rosy cheeks and blooming health. Any case of failure to cause repulsion where worms exist, the money promptly refunded. Sold by E. James, Ebensburg.
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co.,
[5-9.-1y*] Philadelphia Agents.

That

feeling of mental dullness, that troublesome bilious headache, fastidiousness as to food, and weary aching pain in the small of the back can all be gotten rid of by using one box of McDonald's Improved Liver Pills.

Dissatisfied buyers can have their money efunded. JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co., hiladelphia, "Agents." [5-9,-1y.*]

FITS.—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH and even Asthma *immediately* relieved by Acker's English Remedy. Sold under guarantee by E James.

A COLD of unusual severety which I took last autumn developed into a difficulty decidedly catarrhal in all its characteristics, threatening a return of my old chronic malady, catarrah. One bottle of Ely's Cream Balm completely eradicated every symptom of that painful and prevailing disorder.—E. W. Warner, 165 Hudson St., Rochester.

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HOME INDUSTRY.

The attention of buyers is respectfully invited to my large stock of

ELEGANT FURNITURE,

—CONSISTING OF—

Parlor and Chamber Suits,
WARDROBES, SIDEBOARDS,
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CHAIRS, CUPBOARDS, SINKS,
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of all kind of Furniture, Chairs, Lounges, &c. promptly and satisfactorily attended to. Ware room on High street, opposite the Congregational church. Please call and examine goods whether you wish to purchase or not.

E. B. CRESSWELL.

Ebensburg, April 18, 1884.-1y.

1794. 1883.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
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Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.
COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

HAVE YOU A GARDEN? IF YOU HAVE YOU WILL NEED SEEDS

And will want **the Best** at the least money. Then my new Seed Catalogue will surprise you. No matter where you have been dealing *it will save money*. It is mailed **Free to all**, and **you ought to have it** before buying anywhere.

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FREE Book of 100 pages on Love & Courtship, sent free by Union Pub. Co., Newark, N. J. Send 5c. for post. LOVE

Good Pay for Agents. $100 to $200 per mo. made selling our Grand New History, Famous and Decisive Battles of the World Write to J. C. McCurdy & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

SHORTHAND Pamphlets mailed free. Lingle's Compendium, $1. Lessons by mail, $5. Lingle's College of Shorthand, 1330 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.—J. M. LINGLE.

CHICKEN RAISING.—Mrs. Margaret Little, residing in this city, has again during the past year kept an accurate account of her receipts and expenditures in the poultry business and furnishes the press with the following figures:

To 29 chickens at 25 cents	$ 7.25
To feed for the year	13.16
To repairs to house	1.19
Total expense	$21.60
By 50 chickens at 25 cents	$21.50
By eggs at 20 cents per dozen	21.50
Total receipts	34 00
Less expense	21.60
Net profit	12.40

The experience of the past year demonstrated to Mrs. Little that the profit in poultry is in the egg-producing breeds, as the large breeds are too long maturing and are greater feeders. Leghorns and other breeds of their kind, according to her experience are the most profitable chickens for town raising.

Mr. Peter S. Funk, of this county, also kept an accurate account of the expense of and revenue from fifty chickens for one year and gives the following result:

To 50 chickens at 35 cents	$17.50
To feed during year	9.74
Total expense	27.24
By 239 dozen eggs sold	$46 58
By 141 chickens sold	36.81
By 60 chickens on hand at 35 cents	21.00
Total revenue	104.39
Less expense	27.24
Net profit	77.15

Mr. Funk kept no account of the chickens and eggs used in the family during this time, which he says would have added at least $10 to the profits.—*Hagerstown Herald and Torch.*

IT is probable that all small grain is sown more thickly than it should be There is no enemy to the wheat plant so dangerous as another wheat plant contesting with it for light and room in the struggle for existence. Both want the same food when there is not enough for both. The result is a puny growth, however the field may be fertilized. The same is true of oats and barley. Farmers will understand the bad effect of too thick a stand of corn in diminishing the grain yield. Three stalks in a hill give more sound corn than a greater number of stalks, and with some varieties even two stalks will yield more than three. The same fact holds true with regard to small grain.

A Pithy Sentence.

A well known statesman of this country once said when summing up the events of a life time: "Youth is a blunder, manhood a struggle, old age a regret." He might have added many more wonders, but they are not necessary, for his aphorism expresses much. Yet it is a well known fact that the above could not be said of life were all classes aware what a great remedy PERUNA is, and what wondrous cures it has performed. For the ills of youth it is a wonderous specific.—The worry and tear of manhood's struggle for existence enfeeble his system, and he needs such a tonic, and when old age comes on with its feebleness and regrets for failures and mistakes, the great remedy, PERUNA, can be used with good effect, and if given a fair trial will accomplish wonders.

WHEN your children are threatened with croup or whooping-cough, beware how you lull them to sleep with cough syrups whose principal ingredients are morphia or opium. The natural effort of the lungs to expel the suffocating mucus is coughing. Dr. Kessler's Celebrated English Cough Medicine contains no morphia or opium in any form, and by its stimulating actions on the kidneys, bowels, and pores of the skin, more than any other remedy, assists Nature in breaking up and expelling the worst colds from the system. Money refunded to dissatisfied purchasers. Sold by E James, Ebensburg.
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,
Philadelphia Agents.

"I DON'T FEEL WELL!" The stomach is out of order; neglected, this means chronic dyspepsia. You should take Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets and avoid this terrible disease. Sold by E. James.

CATARRH.—For twenty years I was a sufferer from catarrh of the head and throat. By a few applications of Ely's Cream Balm I received decided benefit—was cured by one bottle.—Charlotte Parker, Waverly, N. Y.

ACKER'S Dyspepsia Tablets never fail.

B. J. LYNCH,
UNDERTAKER,
And Manufacturer and Dealer in
HOME AND CITY MADE
FURNITURE!
PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,
LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS,
TABLES, CHAIRS,
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1605 ELEVENTH AVENUE,
Between 16th and 17th Sts.,
ALTOONA, PA.

☞ Citizens of Cambria county and all others wishing to purchase honest FURNITURE, &c. at honest prices are respectfully invited to give us a call before buying elsewhere, as we are confident that we can meet every want and please every taste. Prices the very lowest.

Altoona, April 16, 1880.-tf.

INCORPORATED IN 1857.
STRICTLY ON MUTUAL PLAN.
PROTECTION MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMP'NY
OF EBENSBURG, PA.
Premium Notes now in force - $160,000
Only 7 Assessments in 28 Years.
Good FARM PROPERTIES
ESPECIALLY DESIRED.
NO STEAM RISKS TAKEN.
GEO. M. READE, President.
T. W. DICK, Secretary.
Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1881.-1y.

NOT DEAD YET
VALLIE LUTTRINGER,
MANUFACTURER OF
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE
AND TIN ROOFING,

Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacturing to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.

☞ No penitentiary work either made or sold at this establishment.

TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.

Give me a ca and satisfy yourselves as to my work and prices. V. LUTTRINGER.
Ebensburg, April 13, 1883-tf.

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Wolf's Pioneer Clothing House,
TO CRUSH OUT
High-Toned PRICES
—AND—
Gilt-Edged PROFITS.

THIS MUST AND WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED

OUR LONG AND ACTIVE EXPERIENCE IN THE SALE OF
READY-MADE CLOTHING
And Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Gives us the advantage of knowing the wants of all classes of people. An experience of thirty years of successful business enables us to buy or have made such clothing as will suit the trade.

Our Stock of Spring and Summer Clothing

For Men and Boys is simply immense. Better goods were never put together, the style, workmanship and variety having never been equaled at this or any other house. All our goods are made to order and the prices are scaled down to induce rapid sales. Everybody will therefore subserve their own interests by buying at

GODFREY WOLF'S Old Reliable CLOTHING HOUSE,
NEXT TO POSTOFFICE, ALTOONA, PA.

P. S.—Our Youths' Departments contains the largest and best assortment of clothing in the city, and our stock of Furnishing Goods is unsurpassed in quantity, quality and cheapness by any other stock of the kind here or elsewhere.

Great Bargains
TO BE HAD AT THE
GOLDEN EAGLE CLOTHING HOUSE
COUCH'S NEW BUILDING,
Corner Eleventh Avenue a 13th Street Altoona, PA.
WHERE HAS JUST BEEN RECEIVED ABOUT
$20,000 WORTH of the BEST QUALITY and BEST MADE CLOTHING,
HATS, CAPS, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.,

Which we guarantee to sell at **20 per cent. less** than any other Clothing House in the city. Buyers may therefore rest assured that they can save from two to five dollars in the purchase of a suit of clothes or an overcoat by dealing with us. So please give us a call and examine our goods and learn our prices before investing your money elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

H. MARCH, Proprietor.

ALTOONA, PA., OCTOBER 27, 1882.-tf.

GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,
113 & 115 CLINTON STREET, JOHNSTOWN, PA.,
—ALWAYS HAVE THE—
LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF
Dry and Dress Goods,
NOTIONS, MILLINERY, CARPETS, ETC.,
to be found in Cambria or adjoining counties. ☞ Forget not the street and number and fail not to call buy and be happy.

PETER HENDERSON & CO.'S
SEEDS AND PLANTS
Are Annually Sown and Planted in Half a Million Gardens!
☞ This Year's Catalogue Free on Application.
PETER HENDERSON & CO. 35 & 37 Cortlandt Street, NEW YORK.

ALWAYS BUY THE NEWEST AND THE BEST!
When it don't cost any more than an article you have had a hundred times.......for the last fifty times you wished for something new.
MARVIN'S SUPERIOR CRACKERS
ARE ALWAYS THE BEST.
—Ask your Grocer for the following New Goods:—
GINGER FINGERS. BIG COOKIES, same as your Grandmother made.
DIAMONDS AND SWEET HEARTS—this is Entirely New.
ICED HONEY FINGER CAKES. WHITE ELEPHANT CAKES, you want to see these
TABLE BISCUIT, just what you want. TOAST BISCUIT, it saves lots of trouble.
EXTRA SODAS AND OAT MEAL CRACKERS.
Our reputation on these Goods is greater than we care to state; but when you don't feel well, or have been sick, and don't know what to eat, then is the time you will appreciate Marvin's Extra Soda Crackers.
—ALWAYS ASK FOR MARVIN'S CRACKERS AT YOUR GROCERS.—
Office and Factory, 91, 93, 95 & 97 Liberty St., Pittsburgh

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF
VASELINE
(PETROLEUM JELLY.)
One Ounce bottles reduced from 15 cts. to 10 cents
Two Ounce bottles reduced from 25 cts. to 15 cents
Five Ounce bottles reduced from 50 cts. to 25 cents
The public must not accept any but original goods bottled by us, as the imitations are worthless.
Chesebrough Manufacturing Co., New York.

Health is Wealth!

NERVE
DR. E. C. WEST
BRAIN
TREATMENT

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

JOHN C. WEST & CO.,
862 W. MADISON ST., CHICAGO, ILLS.,
Sole Prop's West's Liver Pills.

Consult Dr. BUTTS

Dr. La Barge, successor to Dr. Butts. In diseases of the Blood, Skin and Bones.—Nervous Debility, Impotency, Organic Weakness, Gonorrhea, Syphilitic and Mercurial Affections. Scientific treatment; safe and sure remedies. Deformities Treated. Call or write for list of questions to be answered by those desiring treatment by mail. Persons suffering from Rupture should send their address, and learn something to their advantage. It is not a truss. Address Dr. C. L. LaBARGE, Pres't and Physician in Charge Central Med. & Surg. Institute, 329 Locust st., St. Louis, Mo. Successor to Dr. Butts Dispensary. Established 30 Years.

AGENTS WANTED for DR. SCOTT'S beautiful Electric Corsets. Sample free to those becoming agents. No risk, quick sales. Territory given, satisfaction guaranteed. Address DR. SCOTT, 842 Broadway St., N.Y.

WANTED! Energetic, reliable men to sell Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, &c. SALARIES and expenses paid. Experience not essential. Full instructions given inexperienced men. Address, Le CLARE & HERRICK, Brighton, N. Y. One mile east of Rochester.

THE INVALUABLE DOMESTIC REMEDY!
PHENOL SODIQUE.
Proprietors: HANCE BROTHERS & WHITE, Philadelphia.
EXTERNALLY it is used for all kinds of injuries; relieving pain instantly, and rapidly healing the wounded parts. Gives prompt and permanent relief in BURNS, SCALDS, CHILBLAINS, VENOMOUS STINGS or BITES, CUTS and WOUNDS of every description.
INTERNALLY.—It is invaluable in CHOLERA, YELLOW, TYPHUS, TYPHOID, SCARLET, and other Fevers.
In NASAL CATARRH, Fetid Discharges from the EAR, OZENA, Affections of the ANTRUM, and CANCEROUS AFFECTIONS, it is a boon to both Physician and Patient.
For SICK-ROOMS and all IMPURE and UNHEALTHY LOCALITIES, and to prevent the spread of CONTAGION, it is the best DISINFECTANT known.
Wherever introduced it establishes itself as a favorite DOMESTIC REMEDY.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE DEALERS.

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Marvelous success.
Insane Persons Restored
Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc. INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

NOW IN USE—36,989.

All persons say these goods are the best. We also have our Improved Keller Positive Force-Feed Grain Seed and Fertilizing Drill and Hay Rakes. They are as good as the best, and we invite inspection. Circulars mailed free. Newark Machine Co., Newark, Ohio. Eastern Branch House, Hagerstown, Md.

GOLD WRITING INK. FOR CARDS, Invitations, Autographs, &c. Has the beauty of burnished gold.—Agents make $5 to $10 per day. Samples, 25c. Stamp for terms. IMPERIAL GOLD INK CO., Box 21, Rosendale, N. Y.

VENTILATION.

To ensure a happy home we need to have a healthy one, and while I trust I am not a crank on the subject of ventilation, I am not a firm believer in the virtues of fresh air. In the very cold winters when the thermometer is constantly below freezing and frequently reaches zero, or when the winds are keen and biting, there may be some excuse for keeping the cellar door shut day after day. But in such a winter as we have had in most parts of the country there has hardly been a day when the covers of cellar gratings might not have been lifted for a few hours. And up-stairs and down-stairs, all through the house, windows ought to be left open more or less every day. We had a troop of brothers and sisters at home when I was a child, and on cold days we turned out of one room into another, if necessary, so that each room of the house should have its share of fresh air. In the bedrooms let the doors of clothes closets and wardrobes be open for a few hours each day so that the air could get at the contents. At night let at least one window in each room be opened. To prevent draught lift the lower sash four inches and place a board underneath the lifted sash to extend the whole length of the sash. By means of a small support let the board slope towards the interior of the room at the top, thus very little air will enter under the two sashes. Many persons rise in the morning complaining that they do not feel refreshed by their sleep. This often because they fail to secure ventilation during their slumber. Many a child is restless because it cannot get good air to breathe.

Dr. Austin Flint says through fear sick people should catch cold, sick rooms "are poorly ventilated, and patients are oppressed by a superabundance of garments and bed clothes. The air which patients are made to breathe, having been already breathed and rebreathed, is loaded with pulmonary exhalations. Cutaneous emanations are allowed to remain in contact with the body, as well as to pervade the atmosphere. Free exposure of the body is deemed hazardous, and still more so bathing or sponging, the entire surface of the body being exposed. Patients not confined to the bed, especially those effected with pulmonary disease, are overloaded with clothing, which becomes saturated with perspiration, and is seldom changed for fear of the dreaded 'cold'" "Let the restorative influence of cool, fresh, pure atmosphere be inculcated," he adds.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY.—A correspondent, writing from Montevideo, Minnesota, makes the following inquiry regarding clover and timothy:

"I wish you would give us some information regarding the cultivation of clover grass and timothy hay. What ground is best to use in this western country, (high or low), how much to sow on an acre, and what time is best to seed it?"

The proper time to sow grass seed is very early in the spring. In nearly all sections of the country timothy and clover are sown together, on growing wheat, which shades the young clover until it secures a stand. The first season it is allowed to grow and take possession of the field after the wheat is off. The timothy grows ahead of the clover, and the two grasses do not ripen together well, though the rule is to sow them together. We believe it is best to sow them on separate fields, when they can be mown to suit the time of ripening. These grasses may also be sown in September, or about the time the rains begin in the fall, and they will take root and make a good start for the spring. In such cases it will not be necessary to sow the seed on growing wheat. The best soil for grass is one rich in potash. A good, loamy soil is best and it should be dry, but not too much so. From twelve to twenty-four quarts of timothy seed are required to an acre, and about sixteen of clover seed, and we would therefore suggest twenty quarts of each to the acre. An excellent, quick growing grass, is the best for unbroken prairie soils, reducing the sods and killing the weeds, but cannot be seeded until after frost.

AFTER ten years of experiment, the superintendent of the porcelain factory at Sevres, Mons. Lauth, thinks he has produced a porcelain identical with that of China, and far superior to the famous old Sevres.

GERMAN research has shown that the mellowness of old wine is due to the increase in its proportion of glycerine.

'Rough on Rats' clears out Rats, Mice. 15c.
'Rough on Corns,' for Corns Bunions. 15c.
Thin people. 'Wells' Health Renewer, restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, &c. $1.
'Rough on Toothache,' instant relief. 15c.
Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity don't fail to try 'Wells Health Renewer.'
'Buchu-paiba,' great kidney and urinary cure.
Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, cleared out by 'Rough on Rats.' 15.
'Rough on Coughs,' troches, 15c; liquid, 25c.
For Children slow in development, puny and delicate, use 'Wells' Health Renewer.'
'Rough on Dentist' Tooth Powder. Try it 15c.
Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility cured by 'Wells' Health Renewer.' $1.
Mother Swan's Worm Syrup, for feverishness, worms constipation; tasteless. 25c.
Stinging irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by 'Buchu-paiba.' $1.
Night sweats, fever, chills, malaria, dyspepsia, cured by 'Wells' Health Renewer.'
My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using 'Wells' Health Renewer.'
If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use 'Wells' Health Renewer.' $1.
Prevalence of Kidney complaint in America; 'Buchu-paiba' is a quick, complete cure. $1.

No Griping. No Drastic Purging.

Take two or three McDonald's Improved Liver Pills for first dose and follow with one pill every night at bedtime. So quietly and surely will they correct a torpid or disordered Liver and will regulate the bowels, that you will feel like a new person by the time you have taken one box. Money returned to dissatisfied buyers. Sold by E. James, Ebensburg.
JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co.
Philadelphia Agents.

Wanted.

The worst case in Cambria county of scrofula, erysipelas, tetter or blood disease of any nature, inherited or acquired, to purchase one bottle of McDonald's great blood purifier or sarsaparillian alternative, use as directed and if not benefitted many times the value of its cost, your money will be returned. Johnston, Holloway & Co., Philadelphia agents. Sold by E. James, Ebensburg. [5-9.-1y.*]